

FORM PTO-1390 (Modified) (REV 11-2000)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER PU3650USw
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371				U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 10/019976
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/EP00/03848	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 28 APRIL 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 30 APRIL 1999		
TITLE OF INVENTION IMIDAZOLINE DERIVATIVES AS ALPHA-1A ADRENOCEPTOR LIGANDS				
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US BIGHAM, Eric Cleveland; BISHOP, Michael Joseph; DREWRY, David Harold; GARRISON, Deanna Trojan; HODSON, Stephen Joseph; NAVAS III, Frank; SPEAKE, Jason D.				
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (24) indicated below. <input type="checkbox"/> The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been communicated by the International Bureau. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto. <input type="checkbox"/> has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). <input type="checkbox"/> have been communicated by the International Bureau. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)). <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210). 				
Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. <input type="checkbox"/> A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821 - 1.825. <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: <p>PCT Request PCT Publication Cover Sheet</p>				

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Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:				
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (24) indicated below. 4. <input type="checkbox"/> The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31). 5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been communicated by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). 6. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto. b. <input type="checkbox"/> has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. <input type="checkbox"/> are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau). b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been communicated by the International Bureau. c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made. 8. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)). 10. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)). 11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409). 12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210). <p>Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 14. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 15. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. 16. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 17. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification. 18. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 19. <input type="checkbox"/> A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821 - 1.825. 20. <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 21. <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 22. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail 23. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: PCT Request PCT Publication Cover Sheet 				

10/019976
JC13 Rec'd PCT/PTO 23 OCT 2001

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: **BIGHAM, Eric Cleveland et al.**
International Application No.: **PCT/EP00/03848**
International Filing Date: **28 April 2000**

TITLE: **IMIDAZOLINE DERIVATIVES AS ALPHA-1A ADRENOCEPTOR LIGANDS**

Box PCT/EO/DO/US
Commissioner of Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

FIRST PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Dear Sir:

The above identified application is being transmitted herewith for entry in the US National Phase under Chapter II of the PCT for the purpose of adding the priority information.

In the Abstract:

Please substitute the attached Abstract, which has been placed on a separate sheet of paper according to US practice, as required under 37 CFR 1.72(b)

In the Specification:

On the first line of the specification, after the Title, please add:

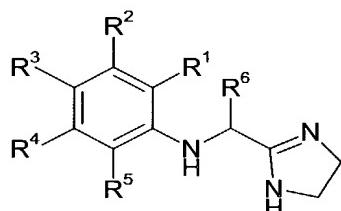
--This application is filed pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §371 as a United States National Phase Application of International Application No. **PCT/EP00/03848** filed **28 April 2000**, which claims priority from **GB 9910110.7 dated 30 April 1999** in the United Kingdom --

In the Claims:

Please delete claims 18, 21, 22, and 23.

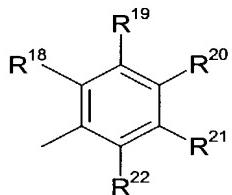
Clean Copy of Pending Claims

1. A compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof,



(I)

wherein R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ are independently H, halogen, -OH, -C₁₋₃alkyl, -C₁₋₃alkoxy, -SC₁₋₂alkyl, or -CF₃, with the proviso that at least 2 of R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ are H;
 R⁶ is H or -CH₃;
 R¹ is -S(O)_nR⁷ where n is 1 or 2, -S(O)₂NHR⁸, -C(O)R⁹, -NR¹⁴R¹⁵, -C(R¹⁷)=NOR¹⁶,

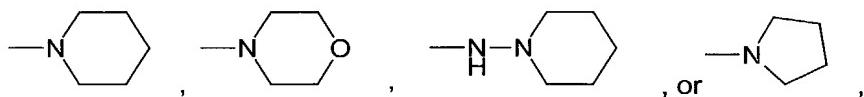


or a 5, 6, or 7 membered heteroalkyl or heteroaryl group optionally substituted with 1 or two groups selected from the group consisting of the following substituents for carbon: C₁₋₃alkyl, -CH₂CF₃, -CF₃, F, Cl, C₁₋₂alkoxy, C₁₋₂thioalkyl, and the following substituents for nitrogen: C₁₋₃alkyl and -CH₂C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;

R⁷ is C₁₋₃alkyl or C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;

R⁸ is C₁₋₃alkyl or -CH₂C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;

R⁹ is C₁₋₃alkyl optionally substituted with 1-3 fluorine atoms, -NR¹⁰R¹¹, -NHNR¹²R¹³, -CH₂SO₂CH₃,



R¹⁰ is H or C₁₋₂alkyl;

R^{11} is H, cyclopropyl, cyclopropylmethyl, C₃-alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁-alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁-alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R^{11} that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen;

R^{12} is H or C₁-alkyl;

R^{13} is H, C₃-cycloalkyl, cyclopropylmethyl, -SO₂CH₃, -C(O)CH₃, C₃-alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁-alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁-alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R^{13} that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen,;

R^{14} is H or C₁-alkyl;

R^{15} is C₃-cycloalkyl, cyclopropylmethyl, C₃-alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁-alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁-alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R^{15} that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen;

R^{16} is C₁-alkyl;

R^{17} is H or C₁-alkyl;

R^{20} is H; and

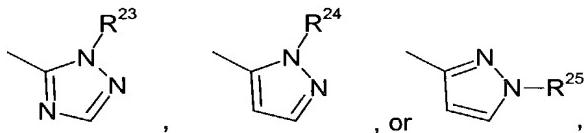
R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{21} , and R^{22} are independently H, halogen, hydroxy, C₁-alkyl, C₁-alkoxy, -SC₁-alkyl, or -CF₃ with the proviso that at least one of R^{18} , R^{19} , R^{21} , or R^{22} is other than H.

2. A compound of Claim 1 wherein R^2 , R^3 , and R^5 are H or F.

3. (AMENDED) A compound of Claim 2 wherein R^4 = H, F, Cl, -OCH₃, or -CH₃.

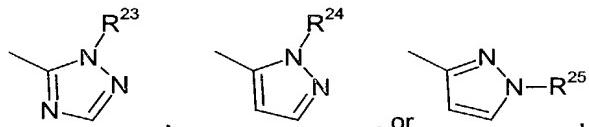
4. (AMENDED) A compound of Claim 3 wherein R^6 is H.

5. (AMENDED) A compound of Claim 4 wherein R^1 is -S(O)_nR⁷, S(O)₂NHR⁸,



where R^{23} is H, C₁-alkyl, or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, R^{24} is H, C₁-alkyl, or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, and R^{25} is H, methyl, or ethyl.

6. A compound of Claim 5 where R¹ is



where R²³ is isopropyl or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, R²⁴ is methyl or ethyl, and R²⁵ is methyl, or ethyl.

7. A compound of Claim 5 wherein R¹ S(O)₂NHR⁸.

8. A compound of Claim 7 wherein R⁸ is CH₃.

9. A compound of Claim 5 wherein R¹ is -S(O)_nR⁷.

10. A compound of Claim 9 wherein n is 2 and R⁷ is CH₃.

11. A compound of Claim 1 selected from the group consisting of
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-propylbenzamide,
 N-cyclopropyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide,
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzamide,
 {2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(4-morpholinyl)methanone,
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N,N-diethylbenzamide,
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethyl-N-methylbenzamide,
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methyl-N-propylbenzamide,
 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1,3-oxazol-5-yl)aniline,
 1-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-ethanone,
 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyrazinyl)aniline,
 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)aniline,
 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline,
 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline,
 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide,
 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline,

N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline,
2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethylbenzenesulfonamide,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(ethylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-chloro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methyl-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methoxy-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-isopropyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline, and
pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

12. A compound of Claim 1 selected from the group consisting of
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline,
2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline, and
pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

13. A compound of Claim 1 selected from the group consisting of
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline and
pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

14. (AMENDED) A compound of Claim 1 wherein said compound is an alpha-1A agonist.

15. (AMENDED) A method for prevention or treatment of an alpha-1A mediated disease or condition comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 14.

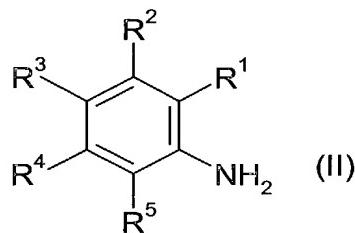
16. The method of Claim 15 wherein said disease or condition is urinary incontinence, nasal congestion, priapism, depression, anxiety, dementia, senility, Alzheimer's, deficiencies in attentiveness and cognition, and eating disorders such as obesity, bulimia, or anorexia.

17. The method of Claim 15 wherein said disease or condition is urinary incontinence.

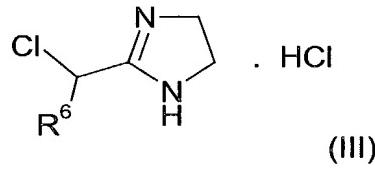
19. (AMENDED) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1.

20. A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 19 further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.

24. (AMENDED) A process for preparing a compound as claimed in claim 1 which comprises reacting a compound of formula II:



with a compound of formula III:



25. A process as claimed in Claim 24 wherein the reaction is carried out at a pH in the range of from 3.0 to 4.0.

26. (AMENDED) A process as claimed in Claim 25 wherein the reaction is run in a protic solvent.

27. A process as claimed in Claim 26 wherein said protic solvent is selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, methoxyethanol, isopropanol, butanol, and phenol.

28. A process as claimed in Claim 27 wherein the protic solvent is 2-butanol.

29. (AMENDED) A process as claimed in claim 28 wherein the reaction is run at a temperature or temperatures of from 80 to 140°C.

Remarks

Applicants have attached an abstract on a separate sheet of paper as required by U.S. practice. Applicants have amended the specification for purposes of adding the priority information. Claims 1-17, 19, 20 and 24-29 remain in this application. Claims 18 and 21-23 have been cancelled. Claims 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 19, 20, 24, 26 and 29 have been amended to remove multiple dependency. A copy of the claims are attached for the Examiner's convenience. It is respectfully submitted that the present application is in condition for allowance. An early consideration and notice of allowance are earnestly solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: 22 October 2001



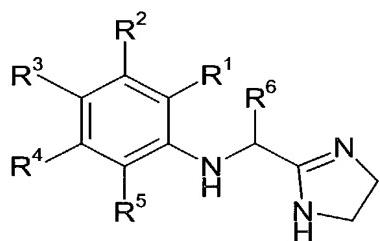
Robert H. Brink
Attorney of Record
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GlaxoSmithKline
Corporate Intellectual Property
Five Moore Drive, PO Box 13398
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-3398
Telephone: 919-483-3323
Fax: 919-483-7988

TITLE: IMIDAZOLINE DERIVATIVES AS ALPHA-1A ADRENOCEPTOR LIGANDS

ABSTRACT

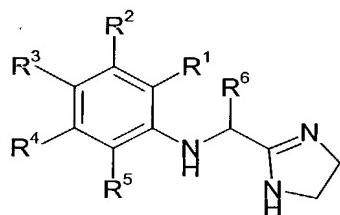
Compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof are disclosed. Such compounds are useful in the treatment of Alpha-1A mediated diseases or conditions such as urinary incontinence.



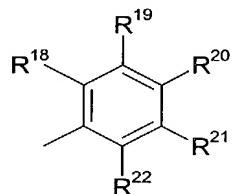
(I)

Version With Markings To Show Changes Made

1. A compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof,



wherein R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ are independently H, halogen, -OH, -C₁₋₃alkyl, -C₁₋₃alkoxy, -SC₁₋₂alkyl, or -CF₃, with the proviso that at least 2 of R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ are H;
R⁶ is H or -CH₃;
R¹ is -S(O)_nR⁷ where n is 1 or 2, -S(O)₂NHR⁸, -C(O)R⁹, -NR¹⁴R¹⁵, -C(R¹⁷)=NOR¹⁶,

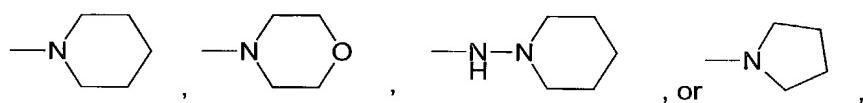


or a 5, 6, or 7 membered heteroalkyl or heteroaryl group optionally substituted with 1 or two groups selected from the group consisting of the following substituents for carbon: C₁₋₃alkyl, -CH₂CF₃, -CF₃, F, Cl, C₁₋₂alkoxy, C₁₋₂thioalkyl, and the following substituents for nitrogen: C₁₋₃alkyl and -CH₂C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;

R⁷ is C₁₋₃alkyl or C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;

R⁸ is C₁₋₃alkyl or -CH₂C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;

R⁹ is C₁₋₃alkyl optionally substituted with 1-3 fluorine atoms, -NR¹⁰R¹¹, -NHNR¹²R¹³, -CH₂SO₂CH₃,



R¹⁰ is H or C₁₋₂alkyl;

R¹¹ is H, cyclopropyl, cyclopropylmethyl, C₃₋₆alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R¹¹ that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen;

R¹² is H or C₁₋₂alkyl;

R¹³ is H, C₃₋₅cycloalkyl, cyclopropylmethyl, -SO₂CH₃, -C(O)CH₃, C₃₋₆alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R¹³ that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen,;

R¹⁴ is H or C₁₋₂alkyl;

R¹⁵ is C₃₋₅cycloalkyl, cyclopropylmethyl, C₃₋₆alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R¹⁵ that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen;

R¹⁶ is C₁₋₂alkyl;

R¹⁷ is H or C₁₋₃alkyl;

R²⁰ is H; and

R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²¹, and R²² are independently H, halogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkyl, C₁₋₃alkoxy, -SC₁₋₂alkyl, or -CF₃ with the proviso that at least one of R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²¹, or R²² is other than H.

2. A compound of Claim 1 wherein R², R³, and R⁵ are H or F.

3. (AMENDED) A compound of [Claim 1 or] Claim 2 wherein R⁴ = H, F, Cl, -OCH₃, or -CH₃.

4. (AMENDED) A compound of [any of] Claim [1] 3 wherein R⁶ is H.

14. (AMENDED) A compound of [any of] Claim 1 [-13] wherein said compound is an alpha-1A agonist.

15. (AMENDED) A method for prevention or treatment of an alpha-1A mediated disease or condition comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of [any of] Claim [1-] 14.

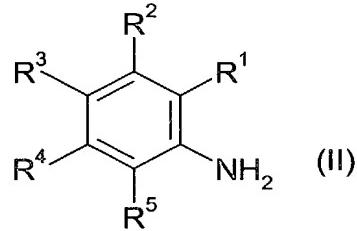
16. The method of Claim 15 wherein said disease or condition is urinary incontinence, nasal congestion, priapism, depression, anxiety, dementia, senility, Alzheimer's, deficiencies in attentiveness and cognition, and eating disorders such as obesity, bulimia, or anorexia.

17. The method of Claim 15 wherein said disease or condition is urinary incontinence.

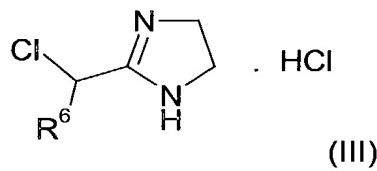
19. (AMENDED) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of [any of] Claim[s] 1[-14].

20. A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 19 further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.

24. (AMENDED) A process for preparing a compound as claimed in [any one of] Claim[s] 1 [to 14] which comprises reacting a compound of formula II:



with a compound of formula III:



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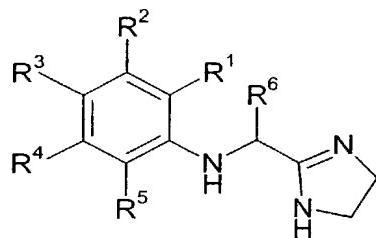
IMIDAZOLINE DERIVATIVES AS ALPHA-1A ADRENOCEPTOR LIGANDS

The present invention relates to certain phenylaminoalkyl-2-imidazoline compounds and their use in the treatment of various diseases and conditions such as urinary incontinence.

Alpha-1A adrenoceptors ("alpha-1A") are specific neuroreceptor proteins located in the peripheral and central nervous systems and on tissues throughout the body. The receptors are important switches for controlling many physiological functions and represent important targets for drug development. Certain alpha-1A agonists are known and are indicated to be useful in treating various disease states including urinary incontinence, nasal congestion, priapism, depression, anxiety, dementia, senility, Alzheimer's, deficiencies in attentiveness and cognition, and eating disorders such as obesity, bulimia, and anorexia. See for example, European patent application EP 0,887,346 A2 (Cournoyer et al.) which discloses certain phenyl and aminophenyl alkylsulfonamide and urea derivatives said to be alpha-1A agonists. See also international patent publication WO 96/38143 (Craig et al.).

There are many examples of known imidazoline derivatives. See, for example, the following U.S. patents: U.S. patent 4,254,133 (Kristinsson and Traber) discloses certain phenylaminoalkyl-2-imidazoline compounds said to be useful for controlling ectoparasites. U.S. patent 3,754,002 (Brown) discloses certain substituted imidazolinylmethyl anthranilates said to stimulate the alpha-adrenergic nervous system of mammals. U.S. patent 4,414,223 (Copp et al.) discloses certain anilinomethylimidazolines said to be useful as pesticides. U.S. patent 4,483,858 (Saari) discloses certain imidazoline derivatives said to have antihypertensive activity. U.S. patent 4,506,074 (Huff et al.) discloses certain imidazoline derivatives said to be selective alpha-2 adrenergic receptor antagonists and alpha-1 adrenergic receptor agonists. See also the following publications. "Alpha-Adrenergic Activities of Some Substituted 2-(Aminomethyl)imidazolines," by Walfred S. Saari et al., J.Med.Chem., vol. 26 (no.12), pp. 1769-1772, (1983).

Briefly, in one aspect, the present invention discloses compounds of formula (I) and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof,



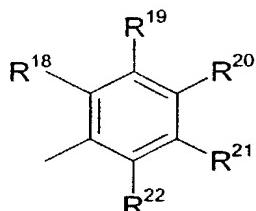
(I)

5

where R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ are independently H, halogen, -OH, -C₁₋₃alkyl, -C₁₋₃alkoxy, -SC₁₋₂alkyl, or -CF₃, with the proviso that at least 2 of R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ are H;

R⁶ is H or -CH₃;

R¹ is -S(O)_nR⁷ where, n is 1 or 2, -S(O)₂NHR⁸, -C(O)R⁹, -NR¹⁴R¹⁵, -C(R¹⁷)=NOR¹⁶,



10

or a 5, 6, or 7 membered heteroalkyl or heteroaryl group optionally substituted with 1 or two groups selected from the group consisting of the following substituents for carbon: C₁₋₃alkyl, -CH₂CF₃, -CF₃, F, Cl, C₁₋₂alkoxy, C₁₋₂thioalkyl, and the following substituents for nitrogen: C₁₋₃alkyl and -CH₂C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;

15 R⁷ is C₁₋₃alkyl or C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;

R⁸ is C₁₋₃alkyl or -CH₂C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;

R⁹ is C₁₋₃alkyl optionally substituted with 1-3 fluorine atoms, -NR¹⁰R¹¹, -NHNR¹²R¹³, -CH₂SO₂CH₃,



R¹⁰ is H or C₁₋₂alkyl;

20 R¹¹ is H, cyclopropyl, cyclopropylmethyl, C₃₋₆alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the

- 5 carbon atom in R¹¹ that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen; R¹² is H or C₁₋₂alkyl; R¹³ is H, C₃₋₅cycloalkyl, cyclopropylmethyl, -SO₂CH₃, -C(O)CH₃, C₃₋₆alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl 10 optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R¹³ that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen,; R¹⁴ is H or C₁₋₂alkyl; R¹⁵ is C₃₋₅cycloalkyl, cyclopropylmethyl, C₃₋₆alkenyl with the proviso that any 15 unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R¹⁵ that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen; R¹⁶ is C₁₋₂alkyl; 20 R¹⁷ is H or C₁₋₃alkyl; R²⁰ is H; and R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²¹, and R²² are independently H, halogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkyl, C₁₋₃alkoxy, -SC₁₋₂alkyl, or -CF₃ with the proviso that at least one of R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²¹, or R²² is other than H. Preferably, the compounds of this invention are alpha-1A agonists.

25 In another aspect, the present invention discloses a method for prevention or treatment of an alpha-1A mediated disease or condition comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of this invention. As used herein, "a compound of the invention" means a compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, or solvate thereof. Alpha-1A agonist mediated 30 diseases or conditions include urinary incontinence, nasal congestion, priapism, depression, anxiety, dementia, senility, Alzheimer's, deficiencies in attentiveness and cognition, and eating disorders such as obesity, bulimia, and anorexia. In particular, the compounds of this invention are useful in the treatment and prevention of urinary incontinence.

35 In another aspect, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of the invention, preferably in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.

5 In another aspect, the present invention provides a compound of the invention for use in therapy, and in particular, in human medicine.

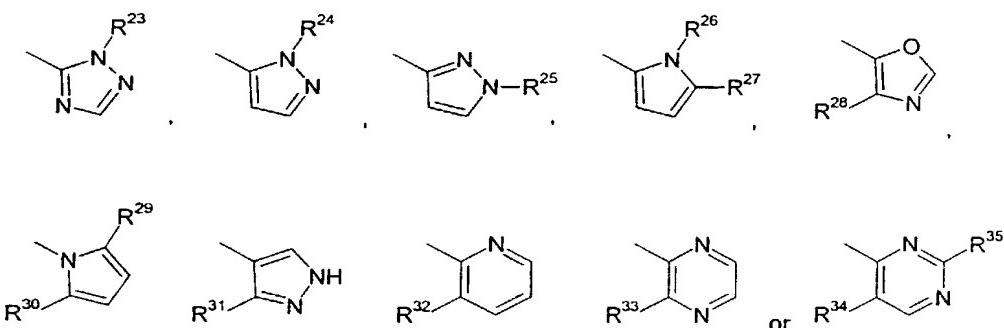
In another aspect, the present invention provides the use of a compound of the invention for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of an Alpha-1A mediated disease or condition.

10 Preferably, R², R³, and R⁵ are H or F.

Preferably R⁴ = H, F, Cl, -OCH₃, or -CH₃. Most preferably, R⁴ is H, F, or Cl.

Preferably, R⁶ is H.

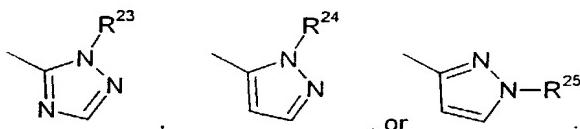
Preferably, when R¹ is said 5, 6, or 7 membered heteroalkyl or heteroaryl group, R¹ is an imidazolidinyl, azepinyl, piperidyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyridyl, pyridazinyl, 15 pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, pyranyl, furyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, or tetrazolyl group. Preferably, said 5, 6, or 7 membered heteroalkyl or heteroaryl group is unsubstituted or monosubstituted. Most preferably, said 5, 6, or 7 membered heteroalkyl or heteroaryl group is:



20

where R²³ is H, C₁₋₃alkyl, or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, R²⁴ is H, C₁₋₃alkyl, or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, R²⁵ is H, methyl, or ethyl, R²⁶ is H, methyl, or ethyl, R²⁷ is H or methyl, R²⁸ is H or methyl, R²⁹ is H or methyl, R³⁰ is H or methyl, R³¹ is H or methyl, R³² is H, methyl, ethyl, or trifluoromethyl, R³³ is H or methyl, R³⁴ is H or methyl, R³⁵ is H, methyl, amino, or hydroxy (or a tautomeric form). Most preferably, R²³ is isopropyl or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, R²⁴ is methyl or ethyl; and R²⁵ is methyl or ethyl.

Preferably, R¹ is -S(O)_nR⁷, S(O)₂NHR⁸,



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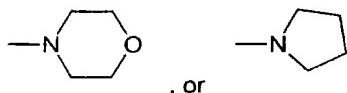
Most preferably, R¹ is -S(O)_nR⁷.

Preferably, n is 2.

Preferably, R⁷ is CH₃.

Preferably, R⁸ is CH₃.

10 Preferably, R⁹ is -NR¹⁰R¹¹,



Preferably, R¹¹ is C₂₋₄alkyl or cyclopropyl.

Preferably, at least one of R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ is -CH₃, -OCH₃, Cl, or F. Most preferably, R²¹ and R²² are H.

While the preferred groups for each variable have generally been listed above separately for each variable, preferred compounds of this invention include those in which several or each variable in Formula (I) is selected from the preferred, more preferred, or most preferred groups for each variable. Therefore, this invention is intended to include all combinations of preferred, more preferred, and most preferred groups.

20 Suitable compounds of this invention include:

2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-propylbenzamide

N-cyclopropyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide

2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzamide

{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(4-morpholinyl)methanone

25 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N,N-diethylbenzamide

2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethyl-N-methylbenzamide

2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methyl-N-propylbenzamide

N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1,3-oxazol-5-yl)aniline

1-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-ethanone

30 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyrazinyl)aniline

N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)aniline

N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline

N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline

N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline

35 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide

- 5 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline
2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethylbenzenesulfonamide
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline
10 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(ethylsulfonyl)aniline
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-chloro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline
15 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methyl-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methoxy-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-isopropyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline
and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

Particularly preferred compounds of this invention include:

- 20 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline
2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline
25 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline
and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

The terms C₁₋₃alkyl, C₄₋₆cycloalkyl, C₃₋₆alkenyl and the like, as used herein, indicate groups that may contain the indicated range of carbon atoms, for example 1 to 3 carbon atoms. Unless otherwise indicated, such groups can be straight chained or branched.

Those skilled in the art will recognize that stereocenters exist in some compounds of Formula (I). Accordingly, the present invention includes all possible stereoisomers and geometric isomers of formula (I) and includes not only racemic compounds but also the optically active isomers as well. When a compound of formula (I) is desired as a single enantiomer, it may be obtained either by resolution of the final product or by stereospecific synthesis from either isomerically pure starting material or any convenient intermediate. Resolution of the final product, an intermediate or a starting material may be effected by any suitable method known in

5 the art. See, for example, Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds by E. L. Eliel (McGraw Hill, 1962) and Tables of Resolving Agents by S. H. Wilen. Additionally, in situations where tautomers of the compounds of formula (I) are possible, the present invention is intended to include all tautomeric forms of the compounds.

It will also be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the compounds of the
10 present invention may also be utilized in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof. The physiologically acceptable salts of the compounds of formula (I) include conventional salts formed from pharmaceutically acceptable inorganic or organic acids or bases as well as quaternary ammonium acid addition salts. More specific examples of suitable acid salts include hydrochloric,
15 hydrobromic, sulfuric, phosphoric, nitric, perchloric, acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, formic, lactic, maleic, tartaric, citric, pamoic, malonic, hydroxymaleic, phenylacetic, glutamic, benzoic, salicylic, fumaric, toluenesulfonic, methanesulfonic, naphthalene-2-sulfonic, benzenesulfonic hydroxynaphthoic, hydroiodic, malic, steroic, tannic and the like. Other acids such as oxalic, while not in themselves
20 pharmaceutically acceptable, may be useful in the preparation of salts useful as intermediates in obtaining the compounds of the invention and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts. More specific examples of suitable basic salts include sodium, lithium, potassium, magnesium, aluminium, calcium, zinc, N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, chloroprocaine, choline, diethanolamine, ethylenediamine,
25 N-methylglucamine and procaine salts. References hereinafter to a compound according to the invention include both compounds of Formula (I) and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates.

It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that reference herein to treatment extends to prophylaxis as well as the treatment of established diseases or
30 symptoms. Moreover, it will be appreciated that the amount of a compound of the invention required for use in treatment will vary with the nature of the condition being treated and the age and the condition of the patient and will be ultimately at the discretion of the attendant physician or veterinarian. In general, however, doses employed for adult human treatment will typically be in the range of 0.02 - 5000 mg
35 per day. The desired dose may conveniently be presented in a single dose or as divided doses administered at appropriate intervals, for example as two, three, four or more sub-doses per day.

5 While it is possible that compounds of the present invention may be therapeutically administered as the raw chemical, it is preferable to present the active ingredient as a pharmaceutical formulation. Accordingly, the present invention further provides for a pharmaceutical formulation comprising a compound of Formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, preferably together with
10 one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers therefor and, optionally, other therapeutic and/or prophylactic ingredients.

Formulations of the present invention include those especially formulated for oral, buccal, parenteral, transdermal, inhalation, intranasal, transmucosal, implant, or rectal administration, however, oral administration is preferred. For buccal
15 administration, the formulation may take the form of tablets or lozenges formulated in conventional manner. Tablets and capsules for oral administration may contain conventional excipients such as binding agents, (for example, syrup, acacia, gelatin, sorbitol, tragacanth, mucilage of starch or polyvinylpyrrolidone), fillers (for example, lactose, sugar, microcrystalline cellulose, maize-starch, calcium phosphate or
20 sorbitol), lubricants (for example, magnesium stearate, stearic acid, talc, polyethylene glycol or silica), disintegrants (for example, potato starch or sodium starch glycollate) or wetting agents, such as sodium lauryl sulfate. The tablets may be coated according to methods well known in the art.

Alternatively, the compounds of the present invention may be incorporated
25 into oral liquid preparations such as aqueous or oily suspensions, solutions, emulsions, syrups or elixirs, for example. Moreover, formulations containing these compounds may be presented as a dry product for constitution with water or other suitable vehicle before use. Such liquid preparations may contain conventional additives such as suspending agents such as sorbitol syrup, methyl cellulose,
30 glucose/sugar syrup, gelatin, hydroxyethylcellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, aluminum stearate gel or hydrogenated edible fats; emulsifying agents such as lecithin, sorbitan mono-oleate or acacia; non-aqueous vehicles (which may include edible oils) such as almond oil, fractionated coconut oil, oily esters, propylene glycol or ethyl alcohol; and preservatives such as methyl or propyl p-hydroxybenzoates or
35 sorbic acid. Such preparations may also be formulated as suppositories, e.g., containing conventional suppository bases such as cocoa butter or other glycerides.

Additionally, formulations of the present invention may be formulated for parenteral administration by injection or continuous infusion. Formulations for

5 injection may take such forms as suspensions, solutions, or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles, and may contain formulatory agents such as suspending, stabilizing and/or dispersing agents. Alternatively, the active ingredient may be in powder form for constitution with a suitable vehicle (e.g., sterile, pyrogen-free water) before use.

10 The formulations according to the invention may also be formulated as a depot preparation. Such long acting formulations may be administered by implantation (for example, subcutaneously or intramuscularly) or by intramuscular injection.

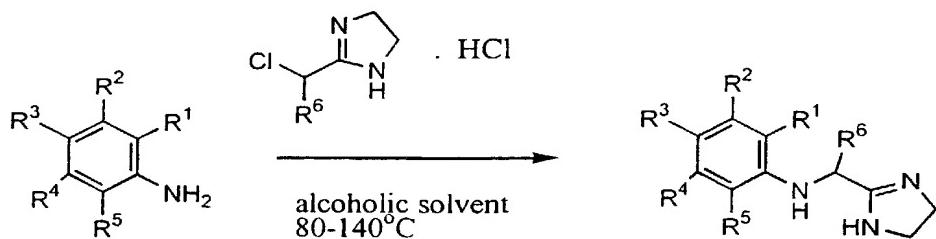
15 Accordingly, the compounds of the invention may be formulated with suitable polymeric or hydrophobic materials (as an emulsion in an acceptable oil, for example), ion exchange resins or as sparingly soluble derivatives as a sparingly soluble salt, for example.

The formulations according to the invention may contain between 0.1 - 99% of the active ingredient, conveniently from 30 - 95% for tablets and capsules and 3 - 50% for liquid preparations.

20 The compounds in the invention can, in general, be prepared by reaction of an aniline with 2-(chloromethyl)imidazoline hydrochloride, as shown in Equation 1.

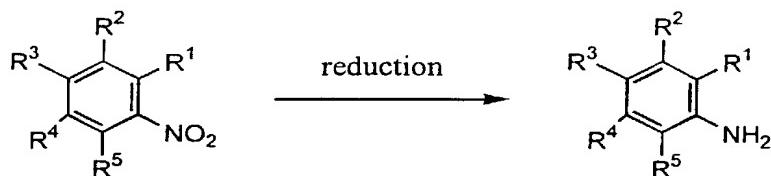
This reaction generates the hydrochloride salt which may be isolated directly or if need be can be converted into the free base and then into other salt forms. The reaction is run in a protic solvent such as methanol, ethanol, methoxyethanol, isopropanol, butanol, or phenol, at temperatures from about 80-140°C for about 10 25 minutes to 24 hours. Preferably the protic solvent is 2-butanol or isopropanol, most preferably 2-butanol. The preferred temperature for the reaction is 95-100°C.

30 Preferably the reaction is carried out at a pH in the range pH 3.0-4.0. The product can be isolated by standard procedures known to one skilled in the art, such as extraction from aqueous at appropriate pH, crystallization, or chromatography on either silica or basic alumina. Similar procedures, as well as alternative routes can be found, for example in U.S. patent 4,414,223 (Copp et al.).



5

Many of the anilines can be obtained by reduction of an aromatic nitro group. Nitro reductions, for example as shown in Equation 2, can be performed by known methods. See, for example, M. Hudlicky, Reductions in Organic Chemistry, Second Edition, ACS Monograph 188, and European patent publication EP 0083975 B1 (Anthony Wolf et al.).



Equation 2

15 The reductions can, for example, be run by one or more of the following methods:

A) by catalytic hydrogenation with 5-10% palladium on charcoal, or platinum oxide, in an inert solvent such as ethanol at ambient temperature (see Hudlicky).

Hydrogen may be introduced at atmospheric or at elevated pressure, 20-40 psi, for 20 shorter reaction times, or via transfer from an appropriate source, such as hydrazine or ammonium formate. See, for example, Hudlicky, p. 15 and references therein.

B) with stannous chloride or tin and hydrochloric acid, either neat or in an inert solvent such as methanol, at about 25-80°C for 0.5 to 10 hours. See, for example, G. Corsi, et al., *Boll. Chim. Farm.*, (1964), 103, 115; J.H. Finley, *J. Heterocycl. Chem.*, (1969), 6, 841; A. Quilico et al., *Gazz. Chim. Ital.*, (1946), 76, 87; and M. Khan and J. Poyla, *J. Chem. Soc. C.*, (1970), 85.

C) with sodium sulfide in 50% aqueous dioxane at about 25-80°C for 0.25 to 1 hour or with sodium sulfide and sodium bicarbonate in refluxing methanol for 1 to 10 hours. For details refer to Y. Lin and S. Lang, Jr., *J. Heterocycl. Chem.*, (1980), 17, 1273 and P. Smith and J. Boyer, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, (1951), 73, 2626 respectively.

Many ortho-(imidazolidinyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, or pyrazolyl) substituted nitro or aminophenyl

5 intermediates can be prepared, for example as described in European patent EP
0083975 B1 (Anthony Wolf et al.).

Some ortho-pyrimidinyl substituted nitrophenyl intermediates can be prepared in an analogous fashion to the pyrazoles cited in European patent EP 0083975 B1, using amidines or guanidines in place of hydrazines.

10 Ortho-(pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, azepinyl, and tetrazolyl) substituted nitrophenyl intermediates can be prepared by displacement of halogen from the corresponding ortho-halo nitrophenyl compound. For a review on aromatic nucleophilic substitution, see, for example, Zoltewicz, *Top. Curr. Chem.*, (1975), 59, 33-64.

15 Many ortho-(pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, furyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl and substituted phenyl) substituted amino or nitrophenyl intermediates can be prepared by a palladium mediated cross-coupling of either the ortho-halo nitrophenyl derivative and an appropriate boronic acid or trialkylstannane derivative, or the Boc-protected ortho-aminophenylboronic acid or trialkylstannane derivative and an
20 appropriate halide partner. The protecting group can then be removed under standard conditions. See, for example, Green, Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis, Second Edition, Wiley and Sons, (1991). For procedures for the palladium catalyzed cross-coupling, see, for example, Snieckus et al., *J. Org. Chem.*, (1995), 60, 292 and Snieckus et al., *Synthesis*, (1989), 184. Many of these intermediates can also be
25 prepared using an Ullman coupling. For a review, see, for example, Fanta, *Synthesis*, (1974), 9-21. Other commonly used methods for forming aryl-aryl bonds can be found, for example, in Bringmann et al., *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.*, (1990), 29, 977-991.

30 Ortho-oxime ether substituted nitrophenyl derivatives can be prepared by condensation of an alkoxylamine with an ortho-nitrobenzaldehyde or phenylalkanone derivative under standard conditions. For details of a similar procedure, see, for example, Jencks, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, (1959), 81, 475 and *Prog. Phys. Org. Chem.*, (1964), 2, 63-128.

35 Anilines substituted at the ortho position with an amide can be prepared by opening isatoic anhydride with a primary or secondary amine, as demonstrated, for example, by R. Jacobs, *J. Heterocycl. Chem.*, (1970), 7, 1337-1345. Anilines substituted at the ortho position with hydrazides can be prepared in a similar manner,

- 5 opening isatoic anhydride with substituted hydrazines, as described, for example, by F. Fulop and K. Pihlaja, *Org. Prep. Proced. Int.*, (1991), 23, 377-378.

This approach can be generalized to anilines with additional phenyl ring substituents, by opening substituted isatoic anhydrides. Substituted isatoic anhydrides can be prepared from the corresponding substituted 2-aminobenzoic acids by 10 treatment with phosgene in toluene and aqueous sodium hydroxide solution, using a procedure described, for example, by G. Coppola and H. Schuster, *J. Heterocycl. Chem.*, (1989), 26, 957-964.

Anilines substituted with ketones at the ortho position can be prepared by several routes, including, for example, the addition of an alkylmagnesium halide to 15 anthranilonitrile, followed by aqueous acid treatment. A relevant example of this well-known procedure, the synthesis of aminophenyl isopropyl ketone, can be found, for example, in J. Robl, *Synthesis*, (1991), 56-58.

Many substituted 2'-aminoacetophenones can be synthesized as described, for example, by R. Albrecht, *Liebigs Ann. Chem.*, (1978), 617-626. For example, 1-(2- 20 aminophenyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)ethanone, with or without additional phenyl ring substituents, can be prepared by treating the ester of the appropriate anthranilic acid with a solution of $\text{MeSO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Na}$ in dimethylsulfoxide.

N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(alkylsulfonyl)anilines can be prepared, for example, by the general route from CMI and the appropriate 2- 25 (alkylsulfonyl)anilines. Alternatively, N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(alkylsulfonyl)anilines, with or without additional phenyl ring substitutions, can be prepared, for example, by oxidation of the corresponding N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(alkylthio)anilines, for example, by using a variety of oxidants that are commonly employed to oxidize sulfides to sulfones, including, for 30 example, *m*-chloroperoxybenzoic acid or potassium peroxymonosulfate (as OXONE®, Aldrich Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wisconsin).

N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(alkylthio)anilines can be prepared, for example, by the general route from CMI and the appropriate 2-(alkylthio)aniline. Careful treatment with 1 equivalent of oxidant can be used to 35 prepare N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(alkylsulfinyl)anilines from the corresponding N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(alkylthio)anilines. Enantiomers can be separated by preparative chiral column chromatography.

5 2-(alkylsulfonyl)anilines can be prepared by oxidation of the corresponding 2-(alkylthio)aniline using *m*-chloroperoxybenzoic acid. Alternatively, 2-(alkylsulfonyl)anilines can be prepared by reduction of the corresponding 2-(alkylsulfonyl)nitrobenzene. 2-(Alkylsulfonyl)nitrobenzenes can be prepared by several routes, including alkylation of a 2-nitrophenylsulfinate salt, derived from the
10 corresponding 2-nitrophenylsulfonyl chloride. Several examples of phenylsulfinate salt alkylations are described by A. Goldberg and D. Besly, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 1945, 566-571.

2-(Alkylthio)anilines can be prepared by several routes, including alkylation of a 2-mercaptoproaniline with an alkyl halide or other suitable alkyl electrophile.
15 Thioether formation has been reviewed by Peach in Patai, *The Chemistry of the Thiol Group*, pt. 2; Wiley: New York, 721-735 (1974). Alternatively, 2-(alkylthio)anilines may be prepared by ortho-metallation of an appropriate trifluoroacetanilide, followed by quenching with an alkyl disulfide and removal of the trifluoroacetyl group with aqueous base, as described by B. McKittrick, et.al., *J. Heterocycl. Chem.*, 1990, 27,
20 2151-2163. 2-(Alkylthio)anilines may also be prepared by addition of a mercaptan to an ortho-halonitrobenzene (ortho-fluoronitrobenzenes are particularly suitable), as described by J. Slade, et.al., *J. Med. Chem.*, 1985, 28, 1517-1521, followed by reduction of the nitro group using standard conditions.

Some 2-mercaptoproanilines can be prepared by alkaline hydrolysis of an
25 appropriate benzothiazole, as described by R. Gupta, et.al., *J. Heterocycl. Chem.*, 1980, 17, 1325-1327, and by T. Aotsuka, et.al., *Chem. Pharm. Bull.*, 1994, 42, 1264-1271.

o-Amino-N-alkylbenzenesulfonamides can be prepared via the reaction of an alkylamine and an appropriate o-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride, followed by reduction
30 of the nitro group using standard conditions. This common two-step approach is exemplified by A. Beckwith and G. Meijis, *J. Org. Chem.*, 1987, 52, 1922-1930, and by C. Mayfield and J. DeRuiter, *J. Med. Chem.*, 1987, 30, 1595-1598.

The following examples are set forth to illustrate the synthesis of some particular compounds of the present invention and to exemplify general processes.
35 Accordingly, the following Examples section is in no way intended to limit the scope of the invention contemplated herein.

Examples

5

2-(Chloromethyl)-2-imidazoline Hydrochloride ("CMI")

This intermediate, prepared according to the method of Klarer and Urech; [Helv. Chim. Acta, 1944, 27, 1762-1773], was found to contain 18-25 mole% of NH₄Cl by NMR. This material is used throughout the following experimentals; 2-chloromethyl)-2-imidazoline hydrochloride will be commonly referred to as CMI.

This material could also be purified as follows. An 8.5 g sample of CMI, which was 18 mole% NH₄Cl by NMR, was treated with 75 mL of ice cold 1N NaOH. This solution was saturated with NaCl and extracted with EtOAc, CHCl₃, and Et₂O. The combined extracts were dried and evaporated to give 5.75 g of a white solid. This free base was dissolved in 100 mL of Et₂O and treated with 20 mL of 4N HCl in dioxane. A white precipitate formed. The slurry was stored in the freezer overnight. The CMI-HCl was filtered, washed with Et₂O, and dried under house vacuum in a desiccator, to yield 7.14 g of white solid, which was very pure by NMR.

20 **General procedure for CMI coupling**

The reaction is generally run in a protic solvent such as methanol, ethanol, methoxyethanol, isopropanol, butanol, or phenol, at temperatures from approximately 80-150°C for 10 minutes to 24 hours, as needed. Typically, two equivalents of aniline are used, though less may be used if a base such as 2,6-lutidine is added. The product can be isolated by standard procedures known to one skilled in the art, such as extraction from aqueous at appropriate pH, crystallization, and/or chromatography on either silica or basic alumina. Often the products are converted to an appropriate acid addition salt, such as the hydrochloride or fumarate derivative. Similar procedures, as well as alternative routes can be found in US patent 4,414,223.

30

Example 1**N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate**

2-Methylmercaptoaniline (27.9 g, 200 mmol), CMI (13.5 g, 87 mmol), and phenol (10 g) were mixed in a round bottom flask under a nitrogen atmosphere and immersed in a 120°C oil bath with magnetic stirring. After 70 minutes the reaction mixture was allowed to cool to ambient temperature and mixed thoroughly with ethyl acetate (100 mL) and water (500 mL). The organic phase was discarded and the

5 aqueous phase was washed with four more volumes of ethyl acetate (100 mL each). Ethyl acetate (100 mL) was added and then 10N sodium hydroxide (9 mL) was added slowly to the stirred mixture. The ethyl acetate phase was discarded. 10N sodium hydroxide (13 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted four times with ethyl acetate (100 mL each). The combined extracts were dried (MgSO_4) and evaporated in vacuo to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylthio)aniline (16.8 g, 87%).

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylthio)aniline (16.8 g, 76 mmol) was stirred in methanol (250 mL) and cooled in an ice bath. A solution of *m*-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (37 g of ~70 wt %) in methanol (200 mL) was added 15 dropwise over 1 hour while the temperature of the mixture was maintained below 28°C. After 20 minutes, additional *m*-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (2.0 g) was added and stirring continued for 20 minutes. The reaction mixture was reduced in vacuo to a slurry (~40 mL volume), diluted with water (250 mL) and ethyl acetate (250 mL), and treated with 10N sodium hydroxide (15 mL). The ethyl acetate phase and five 20 additional ethyl acetate extracts (100 mL each) were combined and washed with 0.1N NaOH (50 mL). Additional 10N sodium hydroxide (10 mL) was added to the aqueous phase and two ethyl acetate extracts (100 mL each) were collected and washed with 0.1N NaOH (10mL) and all of the ethyl acetate phases combined. Drying (MgSO_4) followed by evaporation gave N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (12.3 g, 48.5 mmol), which was dissolved in 25 ethyl acetate (450 mL). Fumaric acid (5.6 g, 48.5 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (80 mL) and the ethyl acetate solution of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline was added to the rapidly stirred methanolic solution of fumaric acid. The mixture was stored at 4°C for 16 hours and the resulting crystals 30 were collected and dried in vacuo to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline as the fumaric acid salt (12.8 g, 45%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.96 (brs); 7.65 (d, J= 7.8 Hz, 1H); 7.49 (dd, J_{AB}=7.5 Hz, J_{AC}=7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.85 (dd, J_{AB}=7.5 Hz, J_{AC}=7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.78 (d, J= 8.3 Hz, 1H); 6.73 (t, J= 5.8 Hz, 1H); 6.46 (s, 2H); 4.36 (d, J= 5.5 Hz, 2H); 3.73 (s, 4H); 3.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR 168.5, 167.7, 145.5, 135.4, 135.1, 129.5, 122.2, 116.9, 112.4, 45.6, 42.6, 42.6. Mass. Spec. 254 (100%) (M+H); 184 (85%) (M+H-70).

5 Anal. Calc'd for C₁₅H₁₉N₃SO₆: C 48.77, H 5.18, N 11.38, S 8.68 Found: C 48.86, H 5.17, N 11.27, S 8.73. IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3348, 3088, 2933, 2786, 2670, 1698, 1598, 1518, 1462, 1368, 1285, 1132, 1047, 754, 646, 520.

Example 2

10 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(ethylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate**
2-Aminothiophenol (5.0 g, 40 mmol, Lancaster Synthesis Inc., Windham, New Hampshire) was stirred in dry ethanol (100 mL) and cooled in an ice bath. Potassium *t*-butoxide (4.5 g, 40 mmol) was added portionwise over 15 minutes and the mixture was stirred for an additional 45 minutes. Ethyl iodide (3.3 mL, 41 mmol) was added dropwise over 15 minutes and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 45 minutes. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate evaporated to dryness in vacuo. The resulting residue was treated with dichloromethane (100 mL) and filtered and the resulting filtrate was evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give 2-(ethylthio)aniline (5.2 g).

15 20 N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(ethylthio)aniline was prepared from 2-(ethylthio)aniline and CMI, oxidized, and the resulting sulfone isolated using the general methods described in Example 1 to provide N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(ethylsulfonyl)aniline as the fumarate salt.

25 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.95 (brs); 7.60 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H); 7.50 (dd, J_{AB}=7.5 Hz, J_{AC}=7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.85 (dd, J_{AB}=7.5 Hz, J_{AC}=7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.78 (d, J= 8.3 Hz, 1H); 6.73 (t, J= 5.8 Hz, 1H); 6.46 (s, 2H); 4.23 (d, J= 5.5 Hz, 2H); 3.70 (s, 4H); 3.28 (q, J= 7.3 Hz, 2H); 1.08 (t, J= 7.3 Hz, 3H). Mass. Spec. 268 (50%) (M+H); 198 (100%) (M+H-70).

30

Example 3

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(isopropylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate

35 N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(isopropylsulfonyl)aniline was prepared and isolated as the fumarate salt using the general methods described in Example 1. The 2-(Isopropylthio)aniline used in the synthesis was prepared from 2-aminothiophenol and isopropyl iodide using the method described in Example 2.

5 **Example 4**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-fluoro-6-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate

2,6-Difluoronitrobenzene (1.0 g, 6.3 mmol) was stirred in ethanol (10 mL) and treated with sodium methylmercaptan (0.44 g, 6.3 mmol) in several portions over 5 minutes. After stirring for 2 hours the mixture was evaporated and chromatographed on silica gel (70% hexane:30% ethyl acetate) to give 2-methylmercapto-6-fluoronitrobenzene (approximately 1.0 g), which was reduced in ethanol (30 mL) using 5% palladium on carbon (0.3 g) and hydrogen (50 psi) for 2 hours. The catalyst was removed by filtration through celite and the solvent evaporated to give 2-fluoro-6-(methylthio)benzenamine (0.69 g).

10 N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-fluoro-6-(methylsulfonyl)aniline was prepared from 2-fluoro-6-(methylthio)benzenamine using the two-step procedure described in Example 1, and isolated as the fumarate salt.

20 **Example 5**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-4-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate

25 2-Amino-6-fluorobenzothiazole (5.0 g, 29.7 mmol) was stirred in 10N NaOH (120 mL) and heated to 120°C. After 2 hours the mixture was allowed to cool and treated with acetic acid (~70 mL) to adjust the pH of the mixture to 4.0. The resulting precipitate was collected and washed with 3 volumes (30 mL) of water and dried in vacuo to give 5.5 g of 2-amino-5-fluorothiophenol suitable for use in the subsequent step.

30 Under conditions similar to those used for the preparation of 2-(ethylthio)aniline in Example 2, 2-amino-5-fluorothiophenol was alkylated with methyl iodide to give 2-methylthio-4-fluoroaniline.

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-4-fluoro-2-(propylmercapto)aniline was prepared from 2-methylthio-4-fluoroaniline using the two-step procedure described in Example 1, and isolated as the fumarate salt.

35

Example 6

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(propylsulfonyl)aniline hydrochloride

5 Sodium hydrogensulfite (50 g, 480 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (35 g, 416 mmol) were heated to 80°C in water (200 mL). 2-Nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride (47 g, 212 mmol) was added in several portions over 90 minutes and the mixture was stirred for two hours at 80°C, then allowed to cool to ambient temperature. The resulting solid was collected, washed with ice water and dried in vacuo to give the intermediate sulfinic acid (crude yield 28.6 g). The sulfinic acid (9.5 g) was treated with sodium bicarbonate (11 g), water (5 mL) and 1-bromopropane (9.8 mL). The mixture was stirred, and an additional 15 mL water was added over 1 hour. The mixture was heated to 90°C under nitrogen and stirred for 16 hours. After cooling, the mixture was extracted with toluene (3x100 mL) and the extracts evaporated to give crude 1-nitro-2-(propylsulfonyl)benzene (0.6 g). Silica gel chromatography (7:1 hexane:CH₂Cl₂) gave product (0.34 g).

Reduction of 1-nitro-2-(propylsulfonyl)benzene (0.34 g, 1.7 mmol) with hydrogen (50 psi) and 5% Pd on carbon (0.1 g) in ethanol (50 mL) for 1 hour gave 2-(propylsulfonyl)benzenamine (0.29 g) after filtration and evaporation.

20 2-(Propylsulfonyl)benzenamine was reacted with CMI using the general methods for CMI coupling to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(propylsulfonyl)aniline. 1 equivalent of 4N HCl in dioxane was used to form the hydrochloride salt.

25 **Example 7**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-3-fluoro-2-(methysulfonyl)aniline fumarate

N-(2-Methylthio-3-fluorophenyl)trifluoroacetamide (2.36 g crude, 9.33 mmol, prepared as described by McKittrick, *J. Het. Chem.* 1990, 27, 2151-2163) was taken up in methanol (40 mL), and solid potassium hydroxide (1.57 g, 28.0 mmol) was added portionwise at room temperature. The mixture was heated to reflux. After 1.5 hours, the mixture was cooled to room temperature, and the solvent volume reduced to 5 mL by evaporation under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in deionized water (30 mL) and extracted with diethyl ether (3x40 mL). The extracts were combined, washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over sodium sulfate, and the volatiles were removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The

5 product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexanes. 1.2 g of 3-fluoro-2-(methylthio)aniline was isolated.

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-3-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline was prepared from 3-fluoro-2-(methylthio)aniline using the two-step procedure described in Example 1, and isolated as the fumarate salt.

10

Example 8

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate

15 5-Fluoro-2-methylbenzothiazole was heated with ethylene glycol and 10N sodium hydroxide solution and the resulting thiol methylated using procedures similar to those described in Example 5, to give 5-fluoro-2-(methylthio)aniline.

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline was prepared from 5-fluoro-2-(methylthio)aniline using the two-step procedure described in Example 1, and isolated as the fumarate salt.

20

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 7.70 (dd, J₁=6.6 Hz, J₂=8.8 Hz, 1H); 6.91 (br s, 1H); 6.63-6.68 (m, 2H); 6.48 (s, 2H); 4.23 (d, J= 5.3 Hz, 2H); 3.67 (s, 4H); 3.19 (s, 3H). Mass. Spec. 272 (100%) (M+H); 193 (90%).

25

Example 9

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methoxy-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate

Starting from 5-methoxy-2-methylbenzothiazole, N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methoxy-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate was prepared 30 and isolated using the procedures described in Example 8.

¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 3.15 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 4H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 4.25 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 6.23 (br d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (br dd, J = 8.9 Hz, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (s, 2H), 6.74 (br t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H). Mass. Spec. 284 (90%) 35 (M+H).

5 **Example 10**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methyl-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate

Starting from 2,5-dimethylbenzothiazole, N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methyl-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate was prepared and isolated
10 using the procedures described in Example 8.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 7.53 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H); 6.62-6.68 (m, 3H); 6.47 (s, 2H); 4.26 (br s, 2H); 3.71 (s, 4H); 3.17 (s, 3H); 2.30 (s, 3H). Mass. Spec. 268 (100%) (M+H).

15

Example 11

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)aniline hydrochloride salt

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylthio)aniline (32 mg, 0.144 mmol, prepared as described in Example 1) was stirred in dichloromethane (1 mL) and treated with *m*-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (35 mg of 70 wt %). After 15 minutes the mixture was evaporated and treated with ether (2 mL), 3 drops of methanol, and then 1N HCl in ether (0.2 mL). The resulting precipitate was collected and washed with ether (1 mL) to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)aniline hydrochloride salt (30mg).

Example 12

(-)-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)aniline fumaric acid salt

30 A sample of the enantiomeric mixture of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)aniline hydrochloride salt, prepared in Example 11, was converted to the free base and chromatographed on a Daicel OD column (21.5 x 250mm) using an eluent mixture of ethanol (8% v/v) in hexane with diisopropylethylamine (0.2% v/v) at 8 ml/min flow rate. The earlier eluting
35 enantiomer (22.5 min) was converted to its fumaric acid salt and determined to be (-)-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)aniline by measurement of its optical rotation in methanol.

5

Example 13(+)-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)aniline fumaric acid salt

The later eluting enantiomer from Example 12 (24 min) was converted to its fumaric acid salt and determined to be (+)-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)aniline by measurement of its optical rotation in methanol.

Example 141-{2-[{(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-2-(methylsulfonyl)-1-ethanone

Dimethylsulfone (120 g, 1.28 mol) was stirred in DMSO (350 mL). Sodium hydride (48 g of 60 wt% in mineral oil) was added in portions and the mixture heated to 60°C. Methyl anthranilate (48.3 g, 0.32 mol) was added dropwise over 3 hours while the temperature rose to 100°C. The mixture was poured into ice (500 mL) and concentrated HCl (100 mL) and the mixture stored at 4°C overnight. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (3x400 mL), and the combined extracts were washed with saturated bicarbonate (3x30 mL), dried (MgSO_4), and reduced to 800 mL volume. The solid that formed was removed by filtration. The filtrate was reduced to 80 mL volume. The resulting solid was collected and washed with a small volume of dichloromethane. The solid was recrystallized from chloroform to give 1-(2-aminophenyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)ethanone (24 g).

1-{2-[{(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-2-(methylsulfonyl)-1-ethanone was prepared from 1-(2-aminophenyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)ethanone and CMI using the general procedure for CMI coupling.

30

Example 15N-(*tert*-Butyl)-2-[{(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide

2-Amino-N-*tert*-butylbenzamide (Trans World Chemicals) was reacted with CMI using the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-(*tert*-butyl)-2-[{(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide.

5 **Example 16**

2-[*(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino*]N-methylbenzamide hydrochloride

2-Amino-N-methylbenzamide was reacted with CMI using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[*(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino*]N-methylbenzamide hydrochloride.

15 ¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 2.74 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 3H), 3.80 (s, 4H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.53 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dd, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (br t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (m, 1H), 10.07 (br s, 2H). Mass. Spec. 233 (95%) (M+H).

Example 17

{2-[*(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino*]phenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone fumarate

20 Pyrrolidine (2.46 g, 34.6 mmol) was added dropwise to isatoic anhydride (3.76 g, 23.05 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL) at room temperature. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The volatiles were removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The residue was slurried in toluene (50 mL) and the volatiles were removed by evaporation under reduced pressure (2x). The residue was dissolved in hot toluene, then allowed to cool to room temperature. The solution was placed in a freezer for 16 hours to produce a precipitate. The precipitate was filtered and dried to give 3.05 g of crude 1-(2-aminobenzoyl)-pyrrolidine. The crude material (2.65 g) was purified by column chromatography over silica gel using 5-20% ethyl acetate in hexanes. The best fractions were combined and the volatiles were removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in dichloromethane (50 mL) and washed with 0.5N sodium hydroxide solution (2x25 mL), washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to yield 1.35 g of 1-(2-aminobenzoyl)pyrrolidine.

35 The fumarate salt of {2-[*(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino*]phenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone was prepared from 1-(2-aminobenzoyl)pyrrolidine and CMI using the general procedure for CMI coupling.

5

Example 18**N-Butyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide hydrochloride**

2-Amino-N-butylbenzamide (prepared from butylamine and isatoic anhydride, 10 using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-butyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide, isolated as the hydrochloride salt.

Example 19**2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-isopropyl-N-methylbenzamide**

2-Amino-N-isopropyl-N-methylbenzamide (prepared from N-methylisopropylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for 20 CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-isopropyl-N-methylbenzamide.

Example 20**2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methyl-N-propylbenzamide**

25 2-Amino-N-methyl-N-propylbenzamide (prepared from N-methylpropylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methyl-N-propylbenzamide.

30 ¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 0.77 (br s, 3H), 1.50 (br s, 2H), 2.87 (br s, 3H), 3.24 (br s, 2H) (Resonance observed upon addition of D₂O), 3.42 (s, 4H), 3.73 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 5.53 (m, 1H), 6.61 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H). Mass. Spec. 275 (25%) (M+H).

Example 21**2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-propylbenzamide hydrochloride**

5 2-Amino-N-propylbenzamide (prepared from propylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-propylbenzamide, isolated as the hydrochloride salt.

10

¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 0.88 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 1.52 (m, 2H), 3.17 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 4H), 4.34 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.53 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 7.5 Hz, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, J = 7.7 Hz, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (br t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (br t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 10.07 (br s, 2H). Mass. Spec. 15 261(90%) (M+H).

Example 22

N-Allyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide hydrochloride

20 N-Allyl-2-amino benzamide (prepared from allylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-allyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide, isolated as the hydrochloride salt.

25

Example 23

{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(1-piperidinyl)methanone

30 1-(2-Aminobenzoyl)piperidine (prepared from piperidine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give {2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(1-piperidinyl)methanone.

Example 24

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-(1-ethylpropyl)benzamide

35 2-Amino-N-(1-ethylpropyl)benzamide (prepared from 1-ethylpropylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted

5 using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-(1-ethylpropyl)benzamide.

Example 25

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-(2-methoxethyl)-N-
methylbenzamide

10 2-Amino-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylbenzamide (prepared from N-(2-methoxyethyl)methylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylbenzamide.

Example 26

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-isopropylbenzamide

20 2-Amino-N-isopropylbenzamide (prepared from isopropylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-isopropylbenzamide.

Example 27

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-(2-hydroxypropyl)benzamide hydrochloride

30 2-Amino-N-(2-hydroxypropyl)benzamide (prepared from 1-amino-2-propanol and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-(2-hydroxypropyl)benzamide, isolated as the hydrochloride salt.

Example 28

N-Cyclopropyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide hydrochloride

35 2-Amino-N-cyclopropylbenzamide (prepared from cyclopropylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-

5 cyclopropyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide, isolated as
the hydrochloride salt.

10 ¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 0.56 (m, 2H), 0.67 (m, 2H), 2.81 (m, 1H), 3.80 (s,
4H), 4.34 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (dd, J = 7.5 Hz, 7.5 Hz,
1H), 7.29 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (br t, J = 6.0
Hz, 1H), 8.38 (br d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 10.05 (br s, 2H). Mass. Spec. 259 (95%)
(M+H).

Example 29

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N,N-dimethylbenzamide

15 2-Amino-N,N-dimethylbenzamide (prepared from dimethylamine [2M in
tetrahydrofuran] and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17)
and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI
coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N,N-
20 dimethylbenzamide.

Example 30

{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(4- morpholinyl)methanone

25 1-(2-Aminobenzoyl)morpholine (prepared from morpholine and isatoic
anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using
conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give {2-[(4,5-
dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(4-morpholinyl)methanone.

30 ¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 3.43 (br s, 8H), 3.59 (m, 4H), 3.75 (d, J = 4.7
Hz, 2H), 5.69 (br t, J = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (m, 2H), 7.05 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21
(dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H). Mass. Spec. 289 (70%) (M+H).

Example 31

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)aminol-N-pentylbenzamide

2-Amino-N-pentylbenzamide (prepared from amyamine and isatoic
anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using

5 conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-pentylbenzamide.

Example 32

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethylbenzamide

10 2-Amino-N-ethylbenzamide (prepared from ethylamine [2M in tetrahydrofuran] and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethylbenzamide.

15 **Example 33**

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethyl-N-propylbenzamide

20 2-Amino-N-ethyl-N-propylbenzamide (prepared from N-ethylpropylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethyl-N-propylbenzamide.

Example 34

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N,N-diethylbenzamide fumarate

25 2-Amino-N,N-diethylbenzamide (prepared from diethylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N,N-diethylbenzamide, isolated as the fumarate salt.

30 ^1H NMR (400 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 1.08 (br s, 6H), 3.30 (br s, 4H), 3.70 (s, 4H), 4.13 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 5.66 (br t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (s, 2H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, J = 7.4 Hz, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J = 7.7 Hz, 7.7 Hz, 1H). Mass. Spec. 275 (40%) (M+H).

35 **Example 35**

N-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-propylbenzamide

5 2-Amino-N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N-propylbenzamide (prepared from N-propylcyclopropanemethylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-propylbenzamide.

10

Example 36

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethyl-N-methylbenzamide

2-Amino-N-ethyl-N-methylbenzamide (prepared from N-ethylmethylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 15 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethyl-N-methylbenzamide.

20 ¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 1.07 (m, 3H), 2.88 (br s, 3H), 3.32 (br s, 2H) (Resonance believed to be coincident with water peak based on precedent established for 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methyl-N-propylbenzamide), 3.43 (s, 4H), 3.74 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 5.54 (m, 1H), 6.61 (m, 3H), 7.01 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H). Mass. Spec. 261 (8%) (M+H).

Example 37

N-(sec-Butyl)-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide

2-Amino-N-sec-butylbenzamide (prepared from sec-butylamine and isatoic anhydride, using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-(sec-butyl)-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide.

30

Example 38

N-Butyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-5-fluorobenzamide hydrochloride

2-Amino-5-fluorobenzoic acid (1.91 g, 12.3 mmol) was dissolved in 1N sodium hydroxide solution (15 mL) and cooled to 0°C under a nitrogen atmosphere. Phosgene (10 mL of a 20% solution in toluene) was added dropwise. After the addition was complete, the thick slurry was allowed to warm to room temperature.

5 The precipitate was filtered off and rinsed with deionized water (2x50 mL). The precipitate was slurried in diethyl ether (50 mL), filtered, and dried under reduced pressure to yield 2.04 g of 6-fluoro-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione.

2-Amino-N- butyl-5-fluorobenzamide (prepared from butylamine and 6-fluoro-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods described in Example 10 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-butyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-5-fluorobenzamide, isolated as the hydrochloride salt.

Example 39

15 **N-Cyclopropyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-5-fluorobenzamide**

2-Amino-N-cyclopropyl-5-fluorobenzamide (prepared from cyclopropylamine and 6-fluoro-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-cyclopropyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-5-fluorobenzamide.

Example 40

25 **N-Cyclopropyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-6-methylbenzamide**

5-Methyl-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione was prepared from 2-amino-6-methylbenzoic acid using the method described in Example 38.

2-Amino-N-cyclopropyl-6-methylbenzamide (prepared from cyclopropylamine and 5-methyl-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-cyclopropyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-6-methylbenzamide.

Example 41

35 **{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-6-fluorophenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone**

5-Fluoro-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione was prepared from 2-amino-6-fluorobenzoic acid using the method described in Example 38.

5 {2-Amino-6-fluorophenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone (prepared from
pyrrolidine and 5-fluoro-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods
described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the
general procedure for CMI coupling to give {2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-
ylmethyl)amino]-6-fluorophenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone.

10

Example 42**{4-Chloro-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(1-
pyrrolidinyl)methanone**

7-Chloro-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione was prepared from 2-amino-4-
15 chlorobenzoic acid using the method described in Example 38.

(2-Amino-4-chlorophenyl)(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone (prepared from
pyrrolidine and 7-chloro-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods
described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the
general procedure for CMI coupling to give {4-chloro-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-
20 2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone.

Example 43**{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-4-methylphenyl}(1-
pyrrolidinyl)methanone**

7-Methyl-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione was prepared from 2-amino-4-
25 methylbenzoic acid using the method described in Example 38.

(2-Amino-4-methylphenyl)(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone (prepared from
pyrrolidine and 7-methyl-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods
described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the
30 general procedure for CMI coupling to give {2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-
ylmethyl)amino]-4-methylphenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone.

Example 44**2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N',N'-dimethylbenzohydrazide
hydrochloride**

Isatoic anhydride (5.0 g, 30.6 mmol), 35 mL of absolute ethanol and
anhydrous 1,1-dimethylhydrazine (2.56 mL, 33.6 mmol) were refluxed for 2 hours.
The volatiles were removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel flash

5 chromatography using 5-10% methanol in dichloromethane. Concentration in vacuo produced 1.60 g of 2-aminobenzoic acid N',N'-dimethylhydrazide.

2-Aminobenzoic acid N',N'-dimethylhydrazide and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N',N'-dimethylbenzohydrazide, isolated as 10 the hydrochloride salt.

Example 45

N'-Acetyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzohydrazide

15 Anthranilic acid N'-acetylhydrazide (prepared from acetic hydrazide and isatoic anhydride using the method described in Example 44) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N'-acetyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzohydrazide.

Example 46

20 N'-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzoyl}methanesulfonohydrazide

1-Anthraniroyl-2-(methylsulfonyl) hydrazine (prepared from methanesulfonyl hydrazide [Lancaster Synthesis, Windham, New Hampshire] and isatoic anhydride using the method described in Example 44) and CMI were reacted using conditions 25 described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N'-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzoyl}methanesulfonohydrazide.

Example 47

30 2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)benzohydrazide

2-Amino-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)benzohydrazide (prepared from 2,2,2-trifluoroethylhydrazine and isatoic anhydride using the method described in Example 44) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N'-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)benzohydrazide.

Example 48

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N'-morpholinobenzamide

5 2-Amino-N-morpholinobenzamide (prepared from 4-aminomorpholine and isatoic anhydride using the method described in Example 44) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N'-(morpholino)benzamide.

10 **Example 49**

N'-(*tert*-Butyl)-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzohydrazide

2-Amino-N'-(*tert*-butyl)benzohydrazide (prepared from *tert*-butylhydrazine and isatoic anhydride using the method described in Example 44) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 15 N'-(*tert*-butyl)-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzohydrazide.

Example 50

2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide fumarate

20 To a solution of 2-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride (25 g, 0.113 mol) and dichloromethane (450 mL) at 4°C was added dropwise 2M methylamine in tetrahydrofuran (68 mL). The mixture was stirred overnight allowing the ice bath to melt. More 2M methylamine in tetrahydrofuran (97 mL) was added and the reaction was stirred for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. The residue 25 was dissolved in chloroform (500 mL) and was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate (250 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with chloroform (250 mL) and all the chloroform layers combined, dried over sodium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and the residue purified by silica gel chromatography using 0-4% methanol in dichloromethane. 22.63 g of N-methyl-2-30 nitrobenzenesulfonamide was obtained.

 N-Methyl-2-nitrobenzenesulfonamide (1.0 g, 4.6 mmol), 10% palladium on carbon (200 mg) and absolute ethanol (30 mL) were placed in a Parr bottle, the bottle placed on a Parr apparatus under a hydrogen atmosphere (45 psi), and shaken for 1 hour. The Parr bottle was evacuated and flushed with nitrogen, then the mixture was 35 filtered through a disposable syringe filter. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to yield 0.81 g of 2-amino-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide.

5 2-Amino-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide was treated with CMI using the
general methods described in Example 1 to provide 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-
ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide as the fumarate salt.

10 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 7.57 (dd, J_{AB}=1.4 Hz, J_{AC}=7.9 Hz, 1H); 7.42 (dd,
J=7.6 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H); 6.79 (dd, J=7.5 Hz, J=7.5 Hz, 1H) 6.74 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H); 6.52
(t, J=5.8 Hz, 1H); 6.45 (s, 2H); 4.26 (d, J=5.8 Hz, 2H); 3.70 (s, 4H); 2.33 (s, 3H).
Mass. Spec. 269 (100%) (M+H); 199 (100) (M+H-70).

Example 51

15 **2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethylbenzenesulfonamide**
fumarate

20 2-Amino-N-ethylbenzenesulfonamide (prepared from 2-nitrobenzenesulfonyl
chloride and ethylamine using the methods described in Example 50) and CMI were
reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give
21 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethylbenzenesulfonamide,
isolated as the fumarate salt.

25 ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 7.59 (dd, J_{AB}=1.4 Hz, J_{AC}=7.9 Hz, 1H); 7.41 (dd,
J=7.5 Hz, J=7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.78 (m, 2H); 6.48 (m, 3H); 4.25 (d, J=5.8 Hz, 2H); 3.7 (s,
4H); 2.70 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H); 0.90 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 3H). Mass. Spec. 283 (90%) (M+H);
213 (100%) (M+H-70).

Example 52

30 **Cyclopentyl{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}methanone**
hydrochloride

35 Anthranilonitrile (2.6 g, 22 mmol) in diethyl ether (30 mL) was added
dropwise to cyclopentylmagnesium chloride (33 mL of a 2M solution in diethyl ether)
in diethyl ether (95 mL) at room temperature, under a nitrogen atmosphere. The
mixture was heated to reflux, and maintained for 1 hour. The mixture was cooled to
0°C, and deionized water (10 mL) was added dropwise over 30 minutes (caution:
extremely exothermic). After stirring for 15 minutes, 15% aqueous sulfuric acid (75
mL) was added slowly. After stirring for 15 minutes, the mixture was heated to

5 reflux and maintained for 1 hour. The mixture was cooled and portioned. The aqueous portion was washed with ethyl acetate (2x50 mL). The organic extracts were combined, washed with dilute potassium carbonate solution, washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over sodium sulfate, and the volatiles removed by evaporation under reduced pressure to yield 3.77 g of (2-
10 aminophenyl)(cyclopentyl)methanone.

(2-Aminophenyl)(cyclopentyl)methanone and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give cyclopentyl{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}methanone, isolated as the hydrochloride salt.

15

Example 53

1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-pentanone

1-(2-Aminophenyl)-1-pentanone (prepared from anthranilonitrile and butylmagnesium chloride using the method described in Example 52) and CMI were
20 reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 1-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-pentanone.

Example 54

1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-butanone

25 1-(2-Aminophenyl)-1-butanone (prepared from anthranilonitrile and propylmagnesium chloride using the method described in Example 52) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 1-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-butanone.

30 Example 55

1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-2-ethyl-1-butanone

1-(2-Aminophenyl)-2-ethyl-1-butanone (prepared from anthranilonitrile and 1-ethylpropylmagnesium bromide [prepared from 3-bromopentane and magnesium turnings] using the method described in Example 52) and CMI were reacted using
35 conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 1-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-2-ethyl-1-butanone.

5 **Example 56****1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-4-penten-1-one hydrochloride**

1-(2-Aminophenyl)-4-penten-1-one (prepared from anthranilonitrile and 3-but enylmagnesium bromide using the method described in Example 52) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 1-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-4-penten-1-one, isolated as the hydrochloride salt.

Example 57**1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-ethanone hydrochloride**

2'-Aminoacetophenone and CMI were reacted in ethanol using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 1-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-ethanone as the hydrochloride salt.

20

¹H NMR (400 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 2.56 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 4H), 4.43 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J = 7.5 Hz, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 7.8 Hz, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.96 (br t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 10.00 (br s, 2H). Mass. Spec. 218 (100%) (M+H).

25

Example 58**1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-propanone hydrochloride**

1-(2-Aminophenyl)-1-propanone (prepared from anthranilonitrile and ethylmagnesium bromide using the method described in Example 52) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 1-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-propanone as the hydrochloride salt.

35 **Example 59****(E)-1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-ethanone O-methyloxime**

5 To a 250-mL round bottom flask were added 2'-aminoacetophenone (3.0 g, 22.2 mmol), methoxylamine hydrochloride (2.0 g, 24.4 mmol, 1.1 eq) and ethanol (30 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at reflux with stirring under a nitrogen atmosphere for 3 h. The oil bath was removed and the reaction mixture was allowed to cool at room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtered solid
10 was washed with ethanol followed by diethyl ether to give 0.64 g of 1-(2-aminophenyl)-1-ethanone O-methyloxime hydrochloride as a white solid.

1-(2-Aminophenyl)-1-ethanone O-methyloxime and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give (E)-1-{2-[
15 [(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-ethanone-O-methyloxime.

15

Example 60

**(E)-1-{2-[
16 (4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-ethanone O-
ethyloxime**

1-(2-Aminophenyl)-1-ethanone O-ethyloxime (prepared from 2'-
20 aminoacetophenone and O-ethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride using the method described in Example 59) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give (E)-1-{2-[
25 (4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-ethanone O-ethyloxime.

25

Example 61

**(E)-2-[
17 (4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzaldehyde O-
methyloxime**

To a 250-mL round bottom flask were added 2-nitrobenzaldehyde (5.0 g, 33.1 mmol), methoxylamine hydrochloride (3.0 g, 35.9 mmol, 1.09 eq), and ethanol (50 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at reflux with stirring under a nitrogen atmosphere for 3 h and then allowed to stand at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo to give a yellow solid. The crude product was partitioned between dichloromethane and water. The layers were separated and the organic phase was washed with water followed by saturated sodium chloride. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 5.46 g of (E)-O-methyloxime-2-nitrobenzaldehyde.

To a 300-mL round bottom flask were added (E)-O-methyloxime-2-nitrobenzaldehyde (2.0 g, 11.1 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (25 mL). The stirred mixture

5 was heated at 80°C. A solution of sodium sulfide nonahydrate (6.0 g, 25 mmol, 2.25 eq) in water (25 mL) was heated at 80°C and then added to the hot solution of (E)-O-methyloxime-2-nitrobenzaldehyde. The reaction mixture was heated between 65°C and 90°C for 45 min. The oil bath was removed and the reaction mixture was allowed to cool at room temperature. To the reaction mixture was added water (25 mL) and
10 heating was resumed at 95°C for 2 h. A solution of sodium sulfide nonahydrate (6.0 g, 25 mmol, 2.25 eq) in water (15 mL) was heated at 70°C and then added to the reaction mixture which was at 80°C. The reaction mixture was heated at 85°C for 15 min. The oil bath was removed and the reaction mixture was allowed to cool at room temperature. The reaction mixture was extracted with dichloromethane and the layers
15 were separated. The organic phase was washed with saturated sodium chloride, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 1.31 g of the crude product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel with hexanes:ethyl acetate (3:1) as eluent to give 0.73 g of (E)-O-methyloxime-2-aminobenzaldehyde as a yellow liquid.

20 (E)-O-Methyloxime-2-aminobenzaldehyde and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give (E)-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzaldehyde O-methyloxime.

Example 62

25 **(E)-1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-propanone O-methyloxime hydrochloride**

To a 100-mL round bottom flask were added 1-(2-aminophenyl)-1-propanone (1.11 g, 7.44 mmol, prepared in Example 58), methoxylamine hydrochloride (0.7 g, 8.38 mmol, 1.13 eq), and ethanol (15 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at reflux
30 with stirring under a nitrogen atmosphere for 3 h. The oil bath was removed and the reaction mixture was allowed to stand at room temperature for approximately three weeks. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the crude product was partitioned between dichloromethane and saturated sodium bicarbonate. The layers were separated and the organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and
35 the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 1.24 g of an orange oil. The crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel with hexanes:ethyl

5 acetate (8:1) as eluent to give 0.90 g of (E)-1-(2-aminophenyl)-1-propanone O-methyloxime and 0.31 g of (Z)-1-(2-aminophenyl)-1-propanone O-methyloxime.

(E)-1-(2-Aminophenyl)-1-propanone O-methyloxime and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give (E)-1-{2-[{(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-propanone O-methyloxime as the hydrochloride salt.

Example 63

(Z)-1-{2-[{(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-propanone O-methyloxime hydrochloride

15 (Z)-1-(2-Aminophenyl)-1-propanone O-methyloxime (prepared in Example 62) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give (Z)-1-{2-[{(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-propanone O-methyloxime as the hydrochloride salt.

Example 64

N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)aniline

2-Fluoronitrobenzene (2.82 g, 20 mmol) was mixed with pyrrolidine (1.56 g, 22 mmol), and potassium carbonate (5.5 g, 40 mmol) in DMF (10 mL). After heating for 16 hours, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate evaporated in vacuo to an oil.

25 This oil was treated with water (10 mL) and dichloromethane (100 mL). The organic phase was collected, dried ($MgSO_4$), filtered, and evaporated to give 1-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrrolidine (0.5 g). The crude product was reduced using 5% palladium on carbon (0.1 g) in ethanol (30mL) and hydrogen at 40 psi for 2 hours. The solution was filtered through celite to remove catalyst and the filtrate evaporated in vacuo to give 2-(1-pyrrolidino)aniline (0.33 g). The crude product was coupled with CMI, under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI couplings, to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)aniline.

Example 65

N-1-(sec-Butyl)-N-2-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole-2-ylmethyl)-1,2-benzenediamine

Under conditions similar to those used for the preparation of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)aniline (Example 64), sec-butylamine was

5 reacted with 2-fluoronitrobenzene, the nitro group was reduced, and the aniline was coupled with CMI to give N-1-(sec-butyl)-N-2-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole-2-ylmethyl)-1,2-benzenediamine.

Example 66

10 **N-1-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-N-2-isobutyl-1,2-benzenediamine**

Under conditions similar to those used for the preparation of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)aniline (Example 64), iso-butylamine was reacted with 2-fluoronitrobenzene, the nitro group was reduced, and the aniline was coupled with CMI to give N-1-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-N-2-isobutyl-1,2-benzenediamine.

Example 67

2-(1-Azepinyl)-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)aniline

Under conditions similar to those used for the preparation of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)aniline (Example 64), hexamethyleneimine was reacted with 2-fluoronitrobenzene, the nitro group was reduced and the aniline was coupled with CMI to give 2-(1-azepinyl)-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)aniline .

25 **Example 68**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-piperidinyl)aniline

Under conditions similar to those used for the preparation of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)aniline (Example 64), piperidine was reacted with 2-fluoronitrobenzene, the nitro group was reduced, and the aniline was coupled with CMI to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-piperidinyl)aniline.

Example 69

N-1-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-N-2-ethyl-N-2-propyl-1,2-benzenediamine

Under conditions similar to those used for the preparation of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)aniline (Example 64), N-ethyl-N-propylamine was reacted with 2-fluoronitrobenzene, the nitro group was reduced and

- 5 the aniline was coupled with CMI to give N-1-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-
N-2-ethyl-N-2-propyl-1,2-benzenediamine.

Example 70

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2'-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine

10 **fumarate**

2-Methyl-2'-nitrobiphenyl (2.09 g, 9.8 mmol, prepared as described by Snieckus: *Synthesis*, 1989, 184-188) was reduced as in Example 64, and purified by column chromatography to give 1.64 g of 2-amino-2'-methylbiphenyl.

15 2-Amino-2'-methylbiphenyl (1.01 g, 5.52 mmol) and CMI (0.428 g, 2.76 mmol) were coupled using the general procedures outlined in Example 1 to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2'-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine as a fumarate salt.

Example 71

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2'-methoxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine

20 **fumarate**

2-Methoxy-2'-nitrobiphenyl was prepared, the nitro group reduced to the amine, and the resulting 2-amino-2'-methoxybiphenyl reacted with CMI using the procedures described in Example 70 to produce 0.470 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2'-methoxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine as the fumarate salt.

25

Example 72

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-3'-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine

fumarate

30 3-Methyl-2'-nitrobiphenyl was prepared, the nitro group reduced to the amine, and the resulting 2-amino-3'-methylbiphenyl reacted with CMI using the procedures described in Example 70 to produce 0.120 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-3'-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine as the fumarate salt.

Example 73

35 **N-(2'-Chloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amine**
fumarate

2-Chloro-2'-nitrobiphenyl was prepared, the nitro group reduced to the amine, and the resulting 2-amino-2'-chlorobiphenyl reacted with CMI using the procedures

5 described in Example 70 to produce 0.110 g N-(2'-chloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amine as the fumarate salt.

Example 74

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-thienyl)aniline hydrochloride

10 2-Nitroiodobenzene (1.0 g, 4.0 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (25 mL), treated with bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) chloride (0.1 g) and 2-tributylstannylthiophene (1.65 g, 4.4 mmol) and heated at 100°C under nitrogen overnight. After concentration in vacuo, the residue was taken up in ether, washed with deionized water and saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated. The oil was purified by silica gel chromatography using ethyl acetate and hexanes. Concentration in vacuo produced 500 mg of 2-(2-nitrophenyl)thiophene, which was reduced as in Example 64 to give 336 mg of 2-(2-aminophenyl)thiophene.

15 2-(2-Aminophenyl)thiophene (0.330 g, 1.9 mmol) and CMI (0.200 g, 1.3 mmol) were coupled under conditions described in the general method for CMI couplings to give 210 mg of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-thienyl)aniline hydrochloride.

Example 75

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyrazinyl)aniline

25 (2-Trimethylstannylophenyl)-carbamic acid *tert*-butyl ester (*Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry*, 1998, 6, 811-823) (1.4 g, 3.93 mmol), 2-chloropyrazine (0.5 g, 4.33 mmol, 1.1 eq), tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (0.18 g, 0.156 mmol), and copper (I) bromide (0.022 g, 0.156 mmol), in 1,4-dioxane (10 mL) were heated at 30 110°C for 75 min. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool at room temperature. The crude product was adsorbed onto silica gel and purified by column chromatography to give 0.65 g of *tert*-butyl 2-(2-pyrazinyl)phenylcarbamate.

35 To *tert*-butyl 2-(2-pyrazinyl)phenylcarbamate (0.62 g, 2.29 mmol), dichloromethane (10 mL), and anisole (1 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (10 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere for 4 h and allowed to stand at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo to give 0.41 g of 2-(2-pyrazinyl)aniline, which was coupled

5 with CMI (0.20 g, 1.3 mmol), under conditions described in the general procedure for
CMI couplings, to give 0.022 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyrazinyl)aniline.

10 ¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 3.42 (br s, 4H), 3.84 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (m, 2H), 7.28 (dd, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (m, 1H), 8.52 (m, 1H), 8.61 (br s, 1H), 9.09 (br s, 1H). Mass. Spec. 254 (70%) (M+H).

Example 76

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline

15 **fumarate**

2-Lithio-1-methylpyrrole was prepared as described in *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1981, 22, 5319 and treated with trimethyltin chloride to give, after workup, 1-methyl-2-(trimethylstannyl)-1H-pyrrole.

20 1-Methyl-2-(trimethylstannyl)-1H-pyrrole (3.94 g, 14.7 mmol) and 1-bromo-2-nitrobenzene (3.22 g, 15.9 mmol, 1.08 eq) were coupled as in Example 75 to give 2.04 g of 1-methyl-2-(2-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrrole, which was reduced as in Example 64 to give 1.53 g of 2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline.

25 CMI (0.25 g, 1.61 mmol) and 2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline (0.56 g, 3.25 mmol, 2.0 eq) were reacted under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI couplings to give 0.035 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline fumarate.

30 ¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 3.40 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 4H), 4.06 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 5.24 (br t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (m, 1H), 6.12 (m, 1H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 6.55 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (m, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 7.4 Hz, 1H). Mass. Spec. 255 (25%) (M+H).

Example 77

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline

35 **fumarate**

5 Under conditions analogous to Example 76, 2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline was prepared and coupled with CMI to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline as the fumarate salt.

10 ¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 1.10 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 3.69 (m, 6H), 4.05 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 5.15 (br t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 6.09 (m, 2H), 6.41 (s, 2H), 6.55 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 7.4 Hz, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (m, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J = 7.5 Hz, 7.5 Hz, 1H). Mass. Spec. 269 (15%) (M+H).

Example 78

15 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline fumarate**

1-Methyl-2-pyrrole carboxaldehyde (11.5 g, 106 mmol), hydrazine hydrate (55% aqueous solution) (32.0 mL, 32.9 g, 565 mmol, 5.3 eq), and ethylene glycol (85 mL) were heated at 145°C for 1-2 h. as the water distilled from the reaction mixture. 20 The oil bath was removed and the reaction mixture was allowed to cool to 60°C. The distillation head was replaced with a reflux condenser. To the reaction mixture was added potassium hydroxide (21.0 g, 375 mmol) and the reaction mixture was heated at 130°C for approximately 1 h until nitrogen evolution had ceased. The oil bath was removed and the reaction mixture was allowed to cool at room temperature. The 25 reaction mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (3x50 mL). The diethyl ether extracts were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 10.45 g of the crude product. The product was purified by distillation. The 1,2-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole was collected at 140-144 °C (4.86 g).

Under conditions analogous to Example 76, 2-(1,5-Dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)phenylamine was prepared and coupled with CMI to give 0.077 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline fumarate.

Example 79

30 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)aniline fumarate**

2-Bromo-3-methylpyridine (0.65 g, 3.8 mmol) and N-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-2-amino-1-phenylboronic acid (0.90 g, 3.8 mmol), prepared according to the method

5 described by J. J. S. Lamba and J. M. Tour in *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1994**, *116*, 11723-11736, were coupled as in Example 70 (also see *J. Org. Chem.*, **1995**, *60*, 292), to give 1.45 g of crude *tert*-butyl 2-(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)phenylcarbamate, which was deprotected as in Example 75 to give 0.45 g of 2-(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)aniline.

10 CMI (91%) (0.28 g, 1.64 mmol) and 2-(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)aniline (0.435 g, 2.36 mmol, 1.4 eq) were coupled as described in the general procedure for CMI couplings to give 0.107 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-methyl-2-pyridinyl)aniline fumarate.

Example 80

15 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2'-(trifluoromethyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine fumarate**

2-Nitro-2'-(trifluoromethyl)biphenyl was prepared analogously to Example 70, the nitro group was reduced to the amine, and the resulting 2'-(trifluoromethyl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine was coupled with CMI to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2'-(trifluoromethyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine fumarate.

Example 81

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-3-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)aniline fumarate

25 2-Bromo-3-nitrotoluene (3.35 g, 15.5 mmol) and 2-(tributylstannyl)-thiophene (5.7 g, 15.3 mmol, 1.0 eq) were coupled as in Example 75 to give 2.08 g of 2-(2-methyl-6-nitrophenyl)thiophene, which was reduced under conditions similar to Example 64 to give 1.4 g of 3-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)aniline.

30 CMI (91%) (0.307 g, 1.80 mmol) and 3-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)aniline (0.709 g, 3.75 mmol, 2.05 eq) were reacted under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 0.081 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-3-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)aniline fumarate.

Example 82

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-furyl)aniline hydrochloride

35 A DMF solution of 2-nitrobromobenzene (2.02 g), 2-tributylstannylfuran (3.31 mL), and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium was heated at 97°C under N₂ overnight. The mixture was evaporated to a small volume. The residue was

5 suspended in 40 mL of water. This mixture was extracted with two 50 mL portions of Et₂O. The combined extracts were dried and evaporated. This oil was purified by chromatography on silica gel with 10% EtOAc/hexanes to yield 0.51 g (27%) of 2-(2-nitrophenyl)furan. [This compound was reported in Smith et al.; *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1953, 75, 6335.]

10 2-(2-Nitrophenyl)furan (0.51 g) was dissolved in 10 mL of EtOH. To this solution was added 0.07 g of 10% Pd/C and 1 mL of EtOH. This mixture was stirred and treated dropwise with 1.4 mL of 35% hydrazine. The suspension was filtered, and the filtrate was evaporated. The resulting residue was taken up in 50 mL of toluene and re-evaporated to give 2-(2-aminophenyl)furan. [This compound was 15 reported in Smith et al.; *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1953, 75, 6335.]

2-(2-Aminophenyl)furan (0.43 g) and CMI (0.38 g) were reacted under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI couplings to afford 0.093 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-furyl)aniline hydrochloride.

20 **Example 83**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyridinyl)aniline hydrochloride.

A solution of 2-nitrobromobenzene (2.02 g), 2-bromopyridine (0.80 g), copper powder (1.29 g), and palladium dichloride (0.049 g) in 15 mL of DMSO was heated at 120°C under N₂ for 2 hours. Once cooled, the mixture was diluted with 100 mL of 25 10% aqueous ammonia and stirred for 30 min. This mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was extracted several times with CHCl₃. The combined extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated. The crude product was purified by chromatography on silica gel with 20% EtOAc/hexanes to yield 0.22g (22%) of 2-(2-Nitrophenyl)pyridine. [This compound was reported by Molina, Pedro; Lorenzo, 30 Angeles; Aller, Enrique; *Tetrahedron*; 1992, 48, (22), 4601-4616.]

2-(2-Nitrophenyl)-pyridine (0.22 g) was reduced under conditions similar to Example 82 to give the aniline. [This compound was previously reported by Petrow et al.; *J. Chem. Soc.*, 1943, 316.]

2-(2-Aminophenyl)pyridine (0.44g) and CMI (0.4 g) were coupled under 35 conditions described in the general procedure for CMI couplings to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyridinyl)aniline hydrochloride.

5 **Example 84****N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyrimidinyl)aniline.**

2-Nitrobromobenzene (2.02 g) and 2-bromopyrimidine (0.80 g) were coupled as in Example 83, and the product reduced as in Example 64 to give 2-(2-aminophenyl)pyrimidine. This was reacted with CMI under conditions described in 10 the general procedure for CMI couplings to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyrimidinyl)aniline.

Example 85**N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridyl)aniline fumarate**

Under conditions analogous to Example 79, N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-2-(3-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridyl)aniline was prepared, deprotected and coupled with CMI to afford the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridyl)aniline.

20

Example 86**N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-5-yl)aniline hydrochloride**

2-Bromo-2'-nitroacetophenone (2.69 g, 11.0 mmol) in acetonitrile (20 mL) was cooled to 0°C under nitrogen and treated with tetrabutylammonium azide (3.29 g, 11.6 mmol, TCI America, Portland, Oregon) in acetonitrile (20 mL) dropwise. After stirring at room temperature for 30 minutes, the solution was poured into ice water (100 mL) and extracted with diethyl ether (3x30 mL). The extracts were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, and the volatiles were removed by evaporation under 30 reduced pressure to yield 2.19 g of 2-azido-2'-nitroacetophenone.

Triphenylphosphine, polymer bound, (5.3 g, 3 mmol/g, Fluka Chimica, Buchs, Switzerland) was slurried in toluene (75 mL). A solution of 2-azido-2'-nitroacetophenone (2.18 g, 10.6 mmol) and acetyl chloride (0.848 g, 10.8 mmol) in toluene (25 mL) was added at room temperature, under a nitrogen atmosphere. The 35 solution was stirred at room temperature for six hours, then filtered over celite. All volatiles were removed from the filtrate by evaporation under reduced pressure to yield 0.91 g of crude 2-methyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)oxazole. Crude 2-methyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)oxazole (0.905 g, 4.44 mmol) was reduced as in Example 64, and the

5 product purified by silica chromatography to give 0.51 g of 5-(2-aminophenyl)-2-methyloxazole.

5-(2-Aminophenyl)-2-methyloxazole (0.400 g, 2.3 mmol) and CMI (0.204 g, 1.32 mmol) were coupled as described in the general procedure for CMI couplings to give 0.045 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-5-yl)aniline as the hydrochloride salt.
10

Example 87

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)aniline hydrochloride

15 2-Bromo-2'-nitroacetopenone (1.15 g, 5.13 mmol) and thioacetamide (0.395 g, 5.26 mmol) were mixed in chloroform (10 mL) and tetrahydrofuran (5 mL), under nitrogen. The slurry was heated to reflux for 20 minutes, then cooled to room temperature, and 1.3 g of white solid collected by filtration. 1.2 g of the precipitate was dissolved in ethanol (50 mL), and heated to reflux for 1 hour. The solution was
20 cooled to room temperature, and potassium carbonate (0.7 g) was added. The volatiles were removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography using 20% ethyl acetate in hexanes to yield 0.53 g of 2-methyl-4-(2-nitrophenyl)thiazole, which was reduced as in Example 64, using platinum oxide hydrate as catalyst, to give 0.415 g of 4-(2-aminophenyl)-2-methylthiazole.
25

4-(2-Aminophenyl)-2-methylthiazole (0.375 g, 1.97 mmol) and CMI (0.153 g, 0.99 mmol) were coupled under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI couplings to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)aniline as the hydrochloride salt.
30

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.08 (br s, 2H); 7.83 (s, 1H) 7.60 (d, J= 7.4 Hz, 1H); 7.20 (dd, J₁=7.5 Hz, J₂=7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.76 (dd, J₁=7.5 Hz, J₂=7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.53 (d, J= 8.1 Hz, 1H); 4.37 (br s, 2H); 3.81 (s, 4H); 2.75 (s, 3H). Mass. Spec. 273 (82%) (M+H); 203 (100%); 162 (85%).

5 **Example 88****N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)aniline hydrochloride**

2-Bromo-2'-nitroacetopenone (1.55 g, 6.92 mmol) was dissolved in acetic acid (10 mL) under a nitrogen atmosphere. Potassium acetate (1.36 g, 13.84 mmol) was added, and the solution heated to reflux for two hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and ammonium acetate (1.87 g, 24.22 mmol) was added. The mixture was heated to reflux and maintained for three hours. After cooling, the mixture was poured into ice water, and carefully neutralized with 10N sodium hydroxide solution. The product was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x25 mL). The extracts were combined, washed with saturated sodium chloride solution, dried over magnesium sulfate, and the volatiles were removed by evaporation under reduced pressure to yield 1.3 g of crude 2-methyl-4-(2-nitrophenyl)oxazole, which was reduced as in Example 64 and purified by silica gel chromatography to give 0.075 g of 4-(2-aminophenyl)-2-methyloxazole.

4-(2-Aminophenyl)-2-methyloxazole (0.073 g, 0.42 mmol) and CMI (0.062 g, 0.39 mmol) were coupled under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI couplings to yield 0.040 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)aniline as the hydrochloride salt.

25 **Example 89****N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl)aniline fumarate**

2-(3-Methyl-5-isoxazolyl)benzenamine (243 mg, 1.4 mmol, prepared as described by Sakamoto: *Tetrahedron*, 1991, 47, 5111-5118) and CMI (120 mg, 0.7 mmol) were coupled under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI couplings to give 121 mg of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-methyl-5-isoxazolyl)aniline as the fumarate salt.

Example 90**N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline fumarate**

5 2-Nitrobenzamide (2.5 g, 15 mmol) was dissolved in dimethylformamide-dimethylacetal (10 mL) and heated to 100°C for 1 hour. Upon cooling, the reaction mixture was placed in a freezer at -23°C overnight. The white precipitate was collected by filtration and rinsed with hexane to provide N-[(dimethylamino)methylene]-2-nitrobenzamide (3.06 g), which was used without
10 further purification.

N-[(Dimethylamino)methylene]-2-nitrobenzamide (1.0 g, 4.5 mmol) in acetic acid (25 mL) and n-butanol (15 mL) was treated with 70% aqueous 1,1,1-trifluoroethylhydrazine (1 mL, 11.3 mmol), and heated to reflux for 2 hours, at which time the volume was reduced by ~25 mL by distillation. The remaining solvent was removed in vacuo, and the residue chromatographed on silica eluting with 3:1:1 hexane:ethyl acetate to afford 1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole, which was reduced as in Example 64 to give crude 1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-5-(2-aminophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole (430 mg).

20 1-(2,2,2-Trifluoroethyl)-5-(2-aminophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole and CMI were coupled using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline.

25 ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.27 (s, 1H); 7.41 (dd, J=7.6 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H); 7.26 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 1H); 6.84 (dd, J=7.3 Hz, 7.3 Hz, 1H); 6.46 (s, 2H); 6.16 (t, J=5.5 Hz, 1H); 5.11 (q, J=8.9 Hz, 2H); 4.11 (d, J=5.5 Hz, 2H); 3.69 (s, 4H). Mass. Spec. 325 (100%) (M+H).

Example 91

30 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-isopropyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline fumarate**

1-*tert*-Butoxycarbonylhydrazine (10 g, 80 mmol) was dissolved in acetone (150 mL) and stirred overnight. Concentration in vacuo gave N-methylethyldene-N-*tert*butoxycarbonylhydrazine, which was used without further purification.

35 1-Methylethyldene-2-*tert*-butoxycarbonylhydrazine, glacial acetic acid (150 mL) and 10% palladium on carbon (2.0 g) were placed in a 500 mL Parr flask. The bottle was placed on a Parr apparatus, and after evacuating and flushing the bottle

5 with nitrogen three times, the flask was charged with hydrogen to 40 psi. After hydrogen uptake ceased, the flask was evacuated and flushed with nitrogen. Filtration through celite, eluting with ethyl acetate, and concentration afforded the crude 1-(isopropyl)-2-tert-butoxycarbonylhydrazine as an acetic acid salt.

10 1-(isopropyl)-2-tert-butoxycarbonylhydrazine acetate (3.2 g, 18.4 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (35 mL) and treated with 4M hydrochloric acid in dioxane (10 mL). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours, then heated to reflux for an additional 24 hours. Filtration through silica and concentration gave isopropylhydrazine as the hydrochloride salt.

15 N-[(Dimethylamino)methylene]-2-nitrobenzamide, prepared in Example 90, and isopropylhydrazine hydrochloric acid salt were reacted as in Example 90 to give 1-(2-propyl)-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole, which was reduced and coupled with CMI similarly to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-propyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline.

20 ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.15 (s, 1H); 7.39 (dd, J=7.8 Hz, 7.8 Hz, 1H); 7.24 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H); 6.85 (dd, J=7.4 Hz, 7.4 Hz, 1H); 6.75 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H); 6.46 (s, 2H); 6.14 (t, J=5.3 Hz, 1H); 4.55 (m, J=6.4 Hz, 1H); 4.13 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 2H); 3.68 (s, 4H); 1.41 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 6H). Mass. Spec. 285 (95%) (M+H); 215 (100%) (M+H-70).

25 **Example 92**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-propyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline fumarate

In a fashion analogous to Example 90, 1-(1-propyl)-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole was prepared, the nitro reduced, and the resulting 1-(1-propyl)-5-(2-aminophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole coupled with CMI to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-propyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline.

Example 93

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-butyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline fumarate

In a fashion analogous to Example 90, 1-(1-butyl)-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole was prepared, the nitro reduced, and the resulting 1-(1-butyl)-5-(2-

- 5 aminophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole coupled with CMI to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-butyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline.

Example 94

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline fumarate

10 In a fashion analogous to Example 90, 1-ethyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole was prepared, the nitro reduced, and the resulting 1-ethyl-5-(2-aminophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole coupled with CMI to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline.

15

Example 95

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline

20 In a fashion analogous to Example 90, 1-methyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole was prepared, the nitro reduced, and the resulting 1-methyl-5-(2-aminophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole coupled with CMI to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline.

Example 96

25 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline hydrochloride**

30 In a fashion analogous to Example 90, 1-H-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole was prepared, the nitro reduced, and the resulting 1-H-5-(2-aminophenyl)-1,2,4-triazole coupled with CMI to give the hydrochloric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-butyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline.

Example 97

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1H-pyrrol-1-yl)aniline fumarate

35 CMI (91%) (0.35 g, 2.05 mmol) and 1-(2-aminophenyl)pyrrole (0.60 g, 3.8 mmol, 2.0 eq) were coupled under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 0.13 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1H-pyrrol-1-yl)aniline fumarate.

5 **Example 98**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)aniline fumarate

Acetonylacetone (2.0 g, 17.5 mmol), *o*-nitroaniline (2.6 g, 18.8 mmol, 1.07 eq), and *p*-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.31 g, 1.63 mmol) in toluene (75 mL) were heated at reflux with azeotropic removal of water overnight. The crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel to give 2.28 g of 2,5-dimethyl-1-(2-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrrole, which was reduced as in Example 64 to give 0.46 g of 2-(2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)benzenamine.

CMI (91%) (0.343 g, 2.0 mmol) and 2-(2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)benzenamine (0.458 g, 2.46 mmol, 1.2 eq) were coupled as described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give 0.033 g of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)aniline fumarate.

Example 99

20 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-oxazolyl)aniline fumarate**

2-(2-Nitrophenyl)oxazole was made by the process reported by Cass as modified by Jung [Cass, W. E.; J.Amer.Chem.Soc. 1942, 64, 785; Jung, Michael E.; Dansereau, Susan M. K.; *Heterocycles*, 1994, 39, (2), 767-78.], and reduced under conditions similar to Example 64 to give 2-(2-aminophenyl)oxazole.

25 CMI and 2-(2-aminophenyl)-oxazole were coupled using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to furnish the fumarate salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-oxazolyl)aniline.

Example 100

30 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)aniline fumarate**

3-Dimethylamino-2-(2-nitrophenyl)propenal (Maybridge) in ethanol was treated with hydrazine via syringe and heated to reflux for 16 hours. Concentration in vacuo afforded crude 4-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole, which was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)aniline.

Example 101

5 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline fumarate**

10 3-(Dimethylamino)-2'-nitroacrylophenone (3.0 g, 13.5 mmol) in absolute ethanol (25 mL) was treated with methylhydrazine (800 μ L, 20 mmol) and heated to reflux for 5 hours. The solvent was distilled off, and the residue chromatographed on silica eluting with 2:1 hexane:ethyl acetate to provide 1-methyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole (1.9 g) and 1-methyl-3-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole (350 mg).

15 1-Methyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline.

20 ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.51 (s, 1H); 7.26 (dd, $J=7.6$ Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H); 7.08 (d, $J=7.1$ Hz, 1H); 6.76 (dd, $J=7.4$ Hz, 7.4 Hz, 1H); 6.62 (d, $J=8.2$ Hz, 1H); 6.42 (s, 2H); 6.37 (s, 1H); 5.33 (t, $J=5.5$ Hz, 1H); 4.19 (d, $J=5.5$ Hz, 2H); 3.69 (s, 4H); 3.63 (s, 3H). Mass. Spec. 256 (90%) ($M+\text{H}$); 186 (100%) ($M+\text{H}-70$).

Example 102

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline methanesulfonate

25 1-Methyl-3-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole, prepared in Example 101, was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the methanesulfonic acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline.

30 ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 9.97 (s, 2H); 8.06 (brs, 1H); 7.80 (d, $J=2.2$ Hz, 1H); 7.64 (d, $J=7.1$ Hz, 1H); 7.16 (dd, $J=7.5$ Hz, 7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.76 (m, 2H); 6.52 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H); 4.43 (s, 2H); 3.92 (s, 3H); 3.84 (s, 4H); 2.30 (s, 3H). Mass. Spec. 256 (10%) ($M+\text{H}$); 186 (40%) ($M+\text{H}-70$).

35 **Example 103**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline fumarate

5 As in Example 101, 1-ethyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole (630 mg) and 1-ethyl-3-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole (120 mg) were prepared and separated by chromatography.

1-Ethyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole, was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline.

15 ^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 7.53 (d, J=1.4 Hz, 1H); 7.26 (dd, J=7.6 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H); 7.05 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 1H); 6.76 (dd, J=7.4 Hz, 7.4 Hz, 1H); 6.63 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H); 6.42 (s, 2H); 6.34 (d, J=1.4 Hz, 1H); 5.25 (t, J=5.8 Hz, 1H); 4.09 (d, J=5.8 Hz, 2H); 3.89 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 2H); 3.69 (s, 4H); 1.21 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H). Mass. Spec. 270 (100%) (M+H); 200 (90%) (M+H-70).

Example 104

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline

fumarate

20 1-Ethyl-3-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole, prepared in Example 103, was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline.

25

^1H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.06 (t, J=5.5 Hz, 1H); 7.81 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H); 7.58 (d, J=7.1 Hz, 1H); 7.12 (dd, J=7.5 Hz, 7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.69 (m, 2H); 6.54 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H); 6.41 (s, 2H); 4.25 (d, J=5.3 Hz, 2H); 4.18 (q, J=7.3 Hz, 2H); 3.70 (s, 4H); 1.43 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H). Mass. Spec. 270 (30%) (M+H); 200 (100%) (M+H-70).

30

Example 105

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]aniline fumarate

35 As in Example 101, 1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-5-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole was prepared and purified by chromatography. The nitro group was reduced as in Example 64 and the product coupled with CMI under conditions described in the

5 general procedure for CMI coupling to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]aniline.

Example 106

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline

10 As in Example 101, 3-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole (900 mg) was prepared. It was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline.

15 **Example 107**

4-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-2-pyrimidinamine hydrochloride

3-(dimethylamino)2'-nitroacrylophenone (1.0 g, 4.54 mmol) in absolute ethanol (25 mL) was treated with guanidine hydrochloride (540 mg, 5.68 mmol), and 20 10N sodium hydroxide (200 µL). The reaction was heated to reflux for 18 hours. Upon cooling, a white precipitate was collected by filtration and rinsed with diethyl ether to give 4-(2-nitrophenyl)-2-pyrimidineamine (400 mg). Additional material was obtained by concentration and chromatography on silica, eluting with 1:1 hexane:ethyl acetate.

25 4-(2-Nitrophenyl)-2-pyrimidineamine was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the hydrochloric acid salt of 4-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-2-pyrimidinamine.

30 **Example 108**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(5-isoxazolyl)aniline hydrochloride

35 5-(2-nitrophenyl)isoxazole (850 mg, 4.5 mmol), prepared as in Example 101, was added portionwise to a suspension of stannous chloride dihydrate (3.3 g, 14.6 mmol) in concentrated hydrochloric acid (8.3 mL). The reaction was heated to 105°C for 1 hour. The reaction was cooled to 10°C and filtered, and the solid was added to water (10 mL). The solution was adjusted to pH 10 with 10N sodium hydroxide, and extracted with methylene chloride. The organic layer was dried over magnesium

5 sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give 5-(2-aminophenyl)isoxazole (220 mg), which was coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the hydrochloric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(5-isoxazolyl)aniline.

10 **Example 109**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)aniline

15 2-Nitrobenzamide (12.4 g, 75 mmol) was dissolved in dimethylacetamide-dimethylacetal (25 mL) and heated to 120°C for 2 hours. Upon cooling, the reaction was passed through a short silica column, eluting with ethyl acetate. The crystals that formed in the collected eluent were collected by filtration and rinsed with diethyl ether to provide N-[(dimethylamino)ethylidene]-2-nitrobenzamide (7.73 g).

20 To a solution of hydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.37 g, 20.1 mmol) in 5N aqueous sodium hydroxide (3.9 mL) was added N-[(dimethylamino)ethylidene]-2-nitrobenzamide (3.7 g, 15.7 mmol) portionwise. After stirring 20 minutes, the reaction was diluted with water (30 mL) and placed in a -23°C freezer for 1 hour. The yellow crystals were collected by filtration. This material was dissolved in glacial acetic acid and heated to 110°C for 14 hours. Toluene (30 mL) was added and the reaction fitted with a Dean-Stark trap. The toluene was removed by distillation over a 2 hour period, and after cooling, water was added to the reaction mixture. After 25 2 hours in a -23°C freezer, the precipitate was collected by filtration and rinsed with water to give 3-methyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazole (2.63 g).

30 3-methyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazole (1.0 g, 4.8 mmol) in dioxane (11 mL) at 80°C was treated with 11 mL of an aqueous solution of sodium sulfide nonahydrate (2.55 g, 10.6 mmol), also at 80°C. After stirring at that temperature for 45 minutes, the reaction was diluted with water (15 mL) and cooled in an ice bath. The resulting precipitate was collected by filtration and rinsed with water to afford 3-methyl-5-(2-aminophenyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazole (522 mg).

35 3-Methyl-5-(2-aminophenyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazole (250 mg, 1.43 mmol) and CMI (148 mg, 0.96 mmol) were dissolved in methanol (10 mL) and heated to 110°C. The methanol was allowed to boil off and the residue heated an additional 2 hours. Upon cooling to room temperature, the residue was chromatographed on basic alumina,

5 eluting 1-5% methanol in methylene chloride, to afford N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)aniline (14 mg).

Example 110

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1,3-dimethyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline

10 Under conditions similar to Example 90, using N-[(dimethylamino)ethylidene]-2-nitrobenzamide, prepared in Example 109, 1,3-dimethyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole was prepared.

15 1,3-Dimethyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole (0.80 g, 3.67 mmol) was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1,3-dimethyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline.

Example 111

20 **N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-methyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline hydrochloride**

As in Example 110, 3-methyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole was prepared. It was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(3-methyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)aniline hydrochloride.

Example 112

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)aniline

30 Sodium wire (4.0 g, 173 mmol) was added slowly to anhydrous methanol (400 mL) and stirred for 15 minutes. To this solution was added hydroxylamine hydrochloride (10.0 g, 147 mmol), followed by 2-nitrobenzonitrile (10.0 g, 67.5 mmol). The reaction was heated to reflux for 18 hours, and then concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in water and extracted with chloroform several times. After concentration, the material was dissolved in methanol and diethyl ether then diluted with hexane until the solution became cloudy. After 5 hours at 0°C, the crystals were collected by filtration and rinsed with hexane to give 1-N-hydroxy-2-(2-nitrophenyl)amidine (6.14 g).

5 1-N-Hydroxy-2-(2-nitrophenyl)amidine (1.0 g, 5.52 mmol) in acetic anhydride (15 mL) was heated to 120°C for 16 hours. Concentration and chromatography on silica, eluting with 2:1 hexane:ethyl acetate gave 3-(2-nitrophenyl)-5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazole.

10 3-(2-Nitrophenyl)-5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazole was reduced and coupled with CMI as in Example 109 to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)aniline.

Example 113

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1,3-oxazol-5-yl)aniline

hydrochloride

15 5-(2-Nitrophenyl)oxazole was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the hydrochloric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1,3-oxazol-5-yl)aniline.

20

¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 10.03 (s, 2H); 8.47 (s, 1H); 7.59 (s, 1H); 7.48 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H); 7.26 (dd, J=7.7 Hz, 7.7 Hz, 1H); 6.83 (dd, J=7.5 Hz, 7.5 Hz, 1H); 6.60 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H); 5.91 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 1H); 4.29 (d, J=5.5 Hz, 2H); 3.82 (s, 4H). Mass. Spec. 243 (98%) (M+H); 173 (100%) (M+H-70).

25

Example 114

N-[5-Chloro-2-(1,3-oxazol-5-yl)phenyl]-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amine fumarate

30 To a solution of 2-nitro-4-chlorobenzaldehyde (2.2 g, 11.8 mmol) and *p*-toluenesulfonyl-methylisocyanide (2.8 g, 14.2 mmol) in methanol (50 mL) was added potassium carbonate (8.2 g, 59 mmol) solid. The heterogeneous mixture was heated to reflux for 2.5 hours. Upon cooling to room temperature, the reaction was filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 0.1N sodium hydroxide and extracted with methylene chloride two times. The combined organics were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give crude 5-(2-nitro-4-chlorophenyl)oxazole.

5 5-(2-Nitro-4-chlorophenyl)oxazole was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the fumarate salt of N-[5-chloro-2-(1,3-oxazol-5-yl)phenyl]-N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amine.

10 **Example 115**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(4-methyl-1,3-oxazol-5-yl)aniline fumarate

To a 500-mL round bottom flask were added *p*-toluenesulfonylmethyl isocyanide (4.0 g, 20.5 mmol), iodomethane (5.8 g, 40.9 mmol, 2.0 eq), 15 benzyltriethylammonium chloride (1.1 g, 4.4 mmol, 0.2 eq) and dichloromethane (40 mL). The solution was cooled in an ice-water bath. To the cold solution was added a cold solution of 30% sodium hydroxide (40 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously at 0°C for 3 h. To the reaction mixture was added dichloromethane and the layers were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane. 20 The organic solutions were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give an oil. The oil was extracted with cold diethyl ether. The diethyl ether solution was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 3.6 g of 1-[(1-isocyanoethyl)sulfonyl]-4-methylbenzene.

Using conditions similar to Example 114, with 1-[(1-isocyanoethyl)sulfonyl]-25 4-methylbenzene and 2-nitrobenzaldehyde, 4-methyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,3-oxazole was prepared. This was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(4-methyl-1,3-oxazol-5-yl)aniline fumarate.

30 **Example 116**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-isopropyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline fumarate

1-Isopropyl-5-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole (prepared from isopropylhydrazine and 3-(dimethylamino)-2'-nitroacrylophenone using the method described in Example 35 101), was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-isopropyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline.

5

Example 117**N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)aniline fumarate**

1-Ethyl-4-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole (prepared from ethylhydrazine and 3-dimethylamino-2-(2-nitrophenyl)propenal using the method described in Example 100), was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)aniline.

15 **Example 118****N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)aniline fumarate**

1-Methyl-4-(2-nitrophenyl)pyrazole (prepared from methylhydrazine and 3-dimethylamino-2-(2-nitrophenyl)propenal using the method described in Example 200), was reduced as in Example 64 and coupled with CMI under conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give the fumaric acid salt of N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)aniline.

Example 11925 **{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-6-methylphenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone**

5-Methyl-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione was prepared from 2-amino-6-methylbenzoic acid using the method described in Example 38.

30 {2-Amino-6-methylphenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone (prepared from pyrrolidine and 5-methyl-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give {2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-6-methylphenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone.

35 **Example 120****{5-Bromo-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone**

5 6-Bromo-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione was prepared from 2-amino-5-bromobenzoic acid using the method described in Example 38.

10 {2-amino-5-bromophenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone (prepared from pyrrolidine and 6-bromo-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give {5-bromo-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone.

Example 121

15 **{5-Bromo-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-3-methylphenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone**

6-Bromo-8-methyl-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione was prepared from 2-amino-5-bromo-3-methylbenzoic acid using the method described in Example 38.

20 {2-Amino-5-bromo-3-methylphenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone (prepared from pyrrolidine and 6-bromo-8-methyl-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give {5-bromo-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-3-methylphenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone.

Example 122

25 **{5-Chloro-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone**

6-Chloro-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione was prepared from 2-amino-5-chlorobenzoic acid using the method described in Example 38.

30 {2-Amino-5-chlorophenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone (prepared from pyrrolidine and 6-chloro-2H-3,1-benzoxazine-2,4(1H)-dione using the methods described in Example 17) and CMI were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to give {5-chloro-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(1-pyrrolidinyl)methanone.

35 **Example 123**

1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl}-1-ethanone hydrochloride

5 1-(2-Amino-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanone and were reacted using conditions described in the general procedure for CMI coupling to 1-{2-[(4,5-Dihydro-1*H*-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl}-1-ethanone as the hydrochloride salt.

10 **Example 124**

N-(4,5-Dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-chloro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate

Starting from 5-chloro-2-methylbenzothiazole, N-(4,5-Dihydro-1*H*-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-chloro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline fumarate was prepared and isolated
15 using the procedures described in Example 8.

¹H NMR (300 MHz; DMSO-d₆): δ 3.21 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 4H), 4.22 (br d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 6.51 (s, 2H), 6.89 (m, 3H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H). Mass. Spec. 288 (100%) (M+H).

20

Functional assay for agonist activity at cloned human Alpha₁ Adrenoceptors

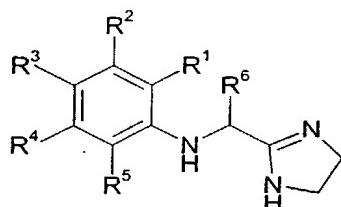
Agonist activity of compounds at alpha_{1A}, alpha_{1B}, and alpha_{1D} adrenoceptors was examined using fluorescent dye determination of intracellular free calcium concentrations. Rat-1 fibroblast cells expressing human alpha_{1A}, alpha_{1B}, and alpha_{1D} adrenoceptor subtypes, were grown in DMEM, 10% fetal calf serum, and 0.25 mg/ml G418. Cells released from 225 cm² cell culture flasks with trypsin were diluted in the above media and added to 96 well clear bottom culture plates and grown for 48 hours at 37°C and 5% CO₂. Cells were washed in a buffer comprised of 145 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 0.5 mM CaCl₂, 1 mM MgCl₂, 10 mM HEPES, 10 mM glucose, pH 7.4 (assay buffer) to remove the growth media. Cells were loaded with Calcium Green dye (2 mM stock in DMSO, mixed 50/50 with 20% pluronic acid) at a 2 μM final concentration in the assay buffer containing 2.5 mM probenecid by incubation in the presence of dye for one hour at 37°C. After incubation, the plates were allowed to come to room temperature, washed twice with 100 μl assay buffer, and brought to a final assay volume of 50 μl.
25
30
35

5 Basal intracellular calcium concentrations were monitored for 10 seconds before adding the unknown with an integrated 96 well pipettor. Fluorescence was measured from all 96 wells simultaneously using a CCD camera. Agonist activity was measured every second for the first 25 seconds then every 3 seconds for the next 15 seconds. Agonist efficacy was expressed as a percentage of the maximal response to
10 phenylephrine. As used herein, an "agonist" is a compound that elicits a maximal response greater than 50% of that of phenylephrine, with a pEC₅₀ > 5.5. The compounds in Examples 1-115 and Example 124 all are alpha-1A agonists.

5

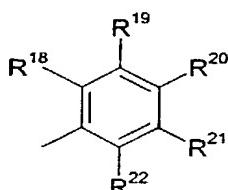
CLAIMS

1. A compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof,



(I)

- 10 wherein R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ are independently H, halogen, -OH, -C₁₋₃alkyl, -C₁₋₃alkoxy, -SC₁₋₂alkyl, or -CF₃, with the proviso that at least 2 of R², R³, R⁴, and R⁵ are H;
- R⁶ is H or -CH₃;
- R¹ is -S(O)_nR⁷ where n is 1 or 2, -S(O)₂NHR⁸, -C(O)R⁹, -NR¹⁴R¹⁵, -C(R¹⁷)=NOR¹⁶,



15

- or a 5, 6, or 7 membered heteroalkyl or heteroaryl group optionally substituted with 1 or two groups selected from the group consisting of the following substituents for carbon: C₁₋₃alkyl, -CH₂CF₃, -CF₃, F, Cl, C₁₋₂alkoxy, C₁₋₂thioalkyl, and the following substituents for nitrogen: C₁₋₃alkyl and -CH₂C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;
- 20 R⁷ is C₁₋₃alkyl or C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;
- R⁸ is C₁₋₃alkyl or -CH₂C₁₋₂fluoroalkyl;
- R⁹ is C₁₋₃alkyl optionally substituted with 1-3 fluorine atoms, -NR¹⁰R¹¹, -NHNR¹²R¹³, -CH₂SO₂CH₃,



- 25 R¹⁰ is H or C₁₋₂alkyl;

- 5 R¹¹ is H, cyclopropyl, cyclopropylmethyl, C₃₋₆alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R¹¹ that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen;
- 10 R¹² is H or C₁₋₂alkyl;
- R¹³ is H, C₃₋₅cycloalkyl, cyclopropylmethyl, -SO₂CH₃, -C(O)CH₃, C₃₋₆alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R¹³ that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen;;
- 15 R¹⁴ is H or C₁₋₂alkyl;
- R¹⁵ is C₃₋₅cycloalkyl, cyclopropylmethyl, C₃₋₆alkenyl with the proviso that any unsaturation is not adjacent to the depicted nitrogen, or C₁₋₆alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkoxy, or 1-3 fluorine atoms with the proviso that the carbon atom in R¹⁵ that is bonded to the depicted nitrogen is not bonded to either a fluorine or an oxygen;;
- 20 R¹⁶ is C₁₋₂alkyl;
- R¹⁷ is H or C₁₋₃alkyl;
- R²⁰ is H; and
- 25 R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²¹, and R²² are independently H, halogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₃alkyl, C₁₋₃alkoxy, -SC₁₋₂alkyl, or -CF₃ with the proviso that at least one of R¹⁸, R¹⁹, R²¹, or R²² is other than H.

2. A compound of Claim 1 wherein R², R³, and R⁵ are H or F.

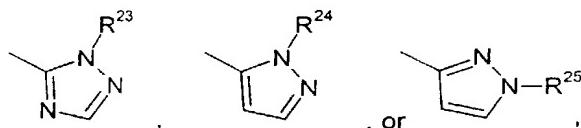
30

3. A compound of Claim 1 or Claim 2 wherein R⁴ = H, F, Cl, -OCH₃, or -CH₃.

35

4. A compound of any of Claims 1-3 wherein R⁶ is H.

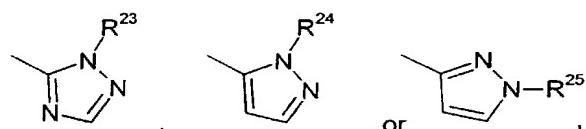
5. A compound of any of Claims 1-4 wherein R¹ is -S(O)_nR⁷, S(O)₂NHR⁸,



5

where R²³ is H, C₁₋₃alkyl, or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, R²⁴ is H, C₁₋₃alkyl, or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, and R²⁵ is H, methyl, or ethyl.

6. A compound of Claim 5 where R¹ is



10 where R²³ is isopropyl or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, R²⁴ is methyl or ethyl, and R²⁵ is methyl, or ethyl.

7. A compound of Claim 5 wherein R¹ S(O)₂NHR⁸.

15 8. A compound of Claim 7 wherein R⁸ is CH₃.

9. A compound of Claim 5 wherein R¹ is -S(O)_nR⁷.

10. A compound of Claim 9 wherein n is 2 and R⁷ is CH₃.

20

11. A compound of Claim 1 selected from the group consisting of
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-propylbenzamide,
 N-cyclopropyl-2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]benzamide,
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzamide,
 {2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}(4-morpholinyl)methanone,
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N,N-diethylbenzamide,
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethyl-N-methylbenzamide,
 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methyl-N-propylbenzamide,
 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1,3-oxazol-5-yl)aniline,
 30 1-{2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]phenyl}-1-ethanone,

- 5 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-pyrazinyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
10 2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline,
2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-ethylbenzenesulfonamide,
15 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(ethylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
20 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-chloro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methyl-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-methoxy-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-isopropyl-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

25

12. A compound of Claim 1 selected from the group consisting of
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)aniline,
2-[(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide,
30 N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-[1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]aniline,
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline, and
pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

35

13. A compound of Claim 1 selected from the group consisting of
N-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-ylmethyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)aniline and
pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates thereof.

5 14. A compound of any of Claims 1-13 wherein said compound is an alpha-
1A agonist.

10 15. A method for prevention or treatment of an alpha-1A mediated disease or
condition comprising administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a
compound of any of claims 1-14.

15 16. The method of Claim 15 wherein said disease or condition is urinary
incontinence, nasal congestion, priapism, depression, anxiety, dementia, senility,
Alzheimer's, deficiencies in attentiveness and cognition, and eating disorders such as
obesity, bulimia, or anorexia.

17. The method of Claim 15 wherein said disease or condition is urinary
incontinence.

20 18. A compound according to any of Claims 1-14 for use in therapy.

19. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective
amount of a compound of any of Claims 1-14.

25 20. A pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 19 further comprising a
pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.

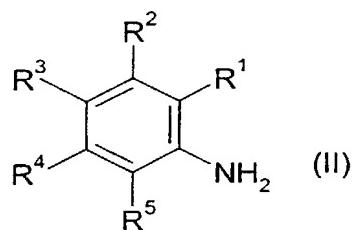
30 21. Use of a compound according to any of claims 1-14 for the manufacture of
a medicament for the prevention or treatment of an alpha 1A mediated disease or
condition.

35 22. Use of a compound according to Claim 20 wherein the said disease or
condition is urinary incontinence, nasal congestion, priapism, depression, anxiety,
dementia, senility, Alzheimer's, deficiencies in attentiveness and cognition, and eating
disorders such as obesity, bulimia, or anorexia.

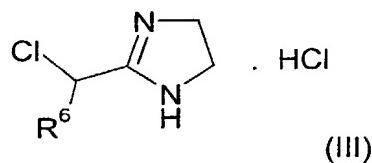
23. Use according to claim 22 wherein the said disease or condition is urinary
incontinence.

5

24. A process for preparing a compound as claimed in any one of claims 1 to
10 14 which comprises reacting a compound of formula II:



with a compound of formula III:



15

25. A process as claimed in Claim 24 wherein the reaction is carried out at a pH in the range of from 3.0 to 4.0.

20 26. A process as claimed in Claim 24 or 25 wherein the reaction is run in a protic solvent.

27. A process as claimed in Claim 26 wherein said protic solvent is selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, methoxyethanol, isopropanol, 25 butanol, and phenol.

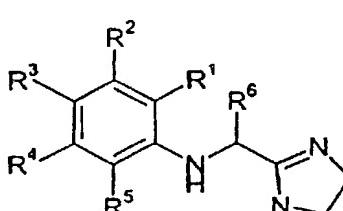
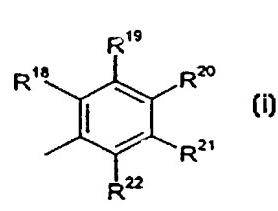
28. A process as claimed in Claim 27 wherein the protic solvent is 2-butanol.

- 5 29. A process as claimed in any of claims 24 to 28 wherein the reaction is run
at a temperature or temperatures of from 80 to 140°C.

PCT

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(21) International Application Number: PCT/EP00/03848 (22) International Filing Date: 28 April 2000 (28.04.00) (30) Priority Data: 9910110.7 30 April 1999 (30.04.99) GB		<p><u>SPEAKE</u>, Jason, D. [US/US]; Glaxo Wellcome Inc., Five Moore Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 (US).</p> <p>(74) Agent: LEAROYD, Stephanie, A.; Glaxo Wellcome plc, Glaxo Wellcome House, Berkeley Avenue, Greenford, Middlesex UB6 0NN (GB).</p> <p>(81) Designated States: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).</p>	
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(54) Title: IMIDAZOLINE DERIVATIVES AS α_1 -ADRENOCEPTOR LIGANDS			
 <p style="text-align: center;">(I)</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">(ii)</p>			
<p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>Compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof are disclosed. Formula (i) wherein R^2, R^3, R^4 and R^5 are independently H, halogen, $-OH$, $-C_1\text{-}3\text{alkyl}$, $-C_1\text{-}3\text{alkoxy}$, $-SC_1\text{-}2\text{alkyl}$, or $-CF_3$, with the proviso that at least 2 of R^2, R^3, R^4 and R^5 are H; R^6 is H or $-CH_3$; R^1 is $-S(O)_nR^7$ where n is 1 or 2, $-S(O)_2NHR^8$, $-C(O)R^9$, $-NR^{14}R^{15}$, $-C(R^{17})=NOR^{16}$, (a) or a 5,6, or 7 membered heteroalkyl or heteroaryl group optionally substituted. Such compounds are useful in the treatment of Alpha-1A mediated diseases or conditions such as urinary incontinence.</p>			

EXPRESS MAIL LABEL
NO. EL395943218US

DECLARATION FOR "371" APPLICATION

**COMBINED DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT
APPLICATION WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY**

- Declaration submitted with initial filing or
 Declaration submitted after initial filing (surcharge required 37CFR1.16(e))

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET PU3650USW
First Names Inventor: Eric Cleveland BIGHAM
Complete if known: App No.:
Filing Date
Group Art Unit:

As below named inventor. I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

IMIDAZOLINE DERIVATIVES AS ALPHA-1A ADRENOCEPTOR LIGANDS

the specification of which (check only one item below):

[] is attached hereto.

OR

[x] was filed on 28 April 2000 as United States application Serial No. _____ or PCT International

Application Number PCT/EP00/03848 filed and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) _____ (if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

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I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35, U.S.C. §119 (a)-(d) or §365(b) of any foreign applications(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

PRIOR FOREIGN AND ANY PRIORITY CLAIMS UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119:

Prior Foreign Application Number (s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	PRIORITY CLAIMED
1. 9910110.7	GB	04/30/1999	X
2.			
3.			

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

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		STATUS (Check one)		
U.S. Parent Application or PCT Parent Number		Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	PATENTED	PENDING

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Send Correspondence to:

David J. Levy, Patent Counsel
 Global Intellectual Property Department
 Glaxo Wellcome Inc.
Five Moore Drive, PO Box 13398
 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Direct Telephone Calls to:

Christopher P. Rogers
 919-483-1240

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1-CD 2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR BIGHAM	FAMILY NAME BIGHAM	FIRST GIVEN NAME Eric	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Cleveland
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE <i>x Eric Cleveland Bigham</i>	Signature: <i>x</i>	Date: <i>x Oct 15, 2001</i>	
1	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP Durham	CITY Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US
2	POST OFFICE ADDRESS GlaxoSmithKline Five Moore Drive, PO Box 13398	CITY Research Triangle Park	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY NC 27709, US	
2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR BISHOP	FAMILY NAME BISHOP	FIRST GIVEN NAME Michael	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Joseph
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE <i>x</i>	Signature: <i>x</i>	Date: <i>x</i>	
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2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR DREWRY	FAMILY NAME DREWRY	FIRST GIVEN NAME David	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Harold
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE <i>x</i>	Signature: <i>x</i>	Date: <i>x</i>	
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	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	Signature: x		Date: x
0	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US
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2-02	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME BISHOP	FIRST GIVEN NAME Michael	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Joseph
	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	Signature: x	<i>Michael J. Bishop</i>	Date: x 10/15/2001
0	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US
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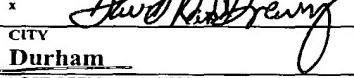
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Prior Foreign Application Number (s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	PRIORITY CLAIMED
1. 9910110.7	GB	04/30/1999	X
2.			
3.			

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

Application No.	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Claimed
1.		
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DECLARATION FOR "371" APPLICATION

**COMBINED DECLARATION FOR UTILITY or DESIGN
PATENT APPLICATION WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY** ContinuedATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER
PU3650USW

I hereby claim the benefit under 35, U.S.C. §120 of any United States application or §365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States of America that is listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

PRIOR U.S. PARENT APPLICATION or PCT PARENT APPLICATION

		STATUS (Check one)		
U.S. Parent Application or PCT Parent Number		Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	PATENTED	PENDING

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Charles E. Dadswell	Reg. No. 35,851	Virginia C. Bennett	Reg. No. 37,092	John L. Lemanowicz Reg. No. 37,380
Karen L. Prus	Reg. No. 39,337	Frank P. Grassler	Reg. No. 31,164	
Robert H. Brink	Reg. No. 36,094	Christopher P. Rogers	Reg. No. 36,334	
Lorie Ann Morgan	Reg. No. 38,181			

Send Correspondence to:

**David J. Levy, Patent Counsel
Global Intellectual Property Department
Glaxo Wellcome Inc.
Five Moore Drive, PO Box 13398
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709**

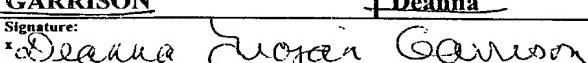
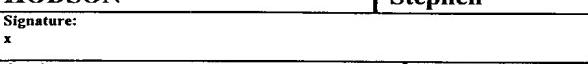
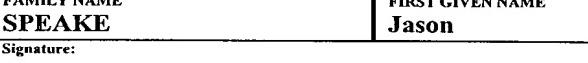
Direct Telephone Calls to:

**Christopher P. Rogers
919-483-1240**

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2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR BIGHAM	FAMILY NAME BIGHAM	FIRST GIVEN NAME Eric	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Cleveland
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE 	Date: x		
1	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US	
1	POST OFFICE ADDRESS GlaxoSmithKline Five Moore Drive, PO Box 13398	CITY Research Triangle Park	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY NC 27709, US	
2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR BISHOP	FAMILY NAME BISHOP	FIRST GIVEN NAME Michael	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Joseph
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE 	Date: x		
2	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US	
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2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR DREWRY	FAMILY NAME DREWRY	FIRST GIVEN NAME David	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Harold
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE 	Date: x		
3	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US	
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DECLARATION FOR "371" APPLICATION

COMBINED DECLARATION FOR UTILITY or DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY Continued					ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER
					PU3650USW
2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR GARRISON	FAMILY NAME GARRISON	FIRST GIVEN NAME Deanna	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Trojan	
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE 	Signature: x	Date: x October 16, 2001		
RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC	NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US	
4	POST OFFICE ADDRESS GlaxoSmithKline Five Moore Drive, PO Box 13398	CITY Research Triangle Park	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY NC 27709, US		
2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR HODSON	FAMILY NAME HODSON	FIRST GIVEN NAME Stephen	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Joseph	
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE 	Signature: x	Date: x		
RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC	NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US	
5	POST OFFICE ADDRESS GlaxoSmithKline Five Moore Drive, PO Box 13398	CITY Research Triangle Park	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY NC 27709, US		
2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR NAVAS	FAMILY NAME NAVAS	FIRST GIVEN NAME Frank, III	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL	
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE 	Signature: x	Date: x		
RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC	NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US	
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2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR SPEAKE	FAMILY NAME SPEAKE	FIRST GIVEN NAME Jason	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL D	
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE 	Signature: x	Date: x		
RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY Durham	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY NC	NC	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP US	
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DECLARATION FOR "371" APPLICATION

**COMBINED DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT
APPLICATION WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY**

- () Declaration submitted with initial filing or
 () Declaration submitted after initial filing (surcharge required 37CFR1.16(e))

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET PU3650USW
First Names Inventor: Eric Cleveland BIGHAM
Complete if known: App No.:
Filing Date
Group Art Unit:

As below named inventor. I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

IMIDAZOLINE DERIVATIVES AS ALPHA-1A ADRENOCEPTOR LIGANDS

the specification of which (check only one item below):

[] is attached hereto.

OR

[x] was filed on 28 April 2000 as United States application Serial No. _____ or PCT International

Application Number PCT/EP00/03848 filed and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) _____ (if applicable)

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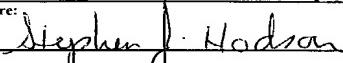
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DECLARATION FOR "371" APPLICATION

**COMBINED DECLARATION FOR UTILITY or DESIGN
PATENT APPLICATION WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY** ContinuedATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER
PU3650USW

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5- SD	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR HODSON	FAMILY NAME HODSON	FIRST GIVEN NAME Stephen	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Joseph
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE 	Signature: x 15, October 2001		
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DECLARATION FOR "371" APPLICATION

**COMBINED DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT
APPLICATION WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY**

- Declaration submitted with initial filing or
 Declaration submitted after initial filing (surcharge required 37CFR1.16(e))

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET PU3650USW
First Names Inventor: Eric Cleveland BIGHAM
<i>Complete if known:</i> App No.:
Filing Date
Group Art Unit:

As below named inventor. I hereby declare that:

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OR

[x] was filed on 28 April 2000 as United States application Serial No. _____ or PCT International

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Send Correspondence to:		Direct Telephone Calls to:
David J. Levy, Patent Counsel Global Intellectual Property Department Glaxo Wellcome Inc. Five Moore Drive, PO Box 13398 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709		Christopher P. Rogers 919-483-1240

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DECLARATION FOR "371" APPLICATION

**COMBINED DECLARATION FOR UTILITY or DESIGN
PATENT APPLICATION WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY** Continued

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER
PU3650USW

2	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR GARRISON	FAMILY NAME GARRISON	FIRST GIVEN NAME Deanna	SECOND GIVEN NAME/INITIAL Trojan
0	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE 	Signature: x		
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DECLARATION FOR "371" APPLICATION

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Express Label No.
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David J. Levy	Reg. No. 27,655	James P. Rieck	Reg. No. 39,009	Bonnie L. Deppenbrock Reg. No 28,209
Charles E. Dadswell	Reg. No. 35,851	Virginia C. Bennett	Reg. No. 37,092	John L. Lemanowicz Reg. No. 37,380
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. 1001, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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DECLARATION FOR "371" APPLICATION

COMBINED DECLARATION FOR UTILITY or DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION WITH POWER OF ATTORNEY				Continued	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER PU3650USW
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